

# Fallbeispiel Unix

Betriebssysteme

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# Wegweiser

Geschichte und Struktur von Unix

Vom Programm zum Prozess

Unix-Grundkonzepte

- Dateien
- Prozesse

Prozess-Kommunikation

- Signale
- Pipes
- Sockets

Rechte und Schutz

# Unix-Story

196x	MULTICS (MIT)	wichtige Ideen, aber „Fehlschlag“
1971	Ken Thompson	„UNICS" auf PDP-7 (First Edition)
1973	Dennis Ritchie + KT	C, rewrite in C
1974	TR74	The Unix Time-Sharing System
1975		Sixth Edition, weite Verbreitung
1977	Richards	Portierung auf Interdata (32 Bit)
1979		Bourne-Shell, PCC
198x		virtueller Speicher, Netzwerke
1983	Stallman	GNU Project
1985	Stallman	Free Software Foundation
1986	IEEE	Posix
		“Unix wars“
199x	L. Torvalds et al.	Linux

# Grobstruktur Unix

## **“Daemon” Processes**

(cron, exim, dbus,  
udev, ...)

## **Standard Utility Programs**

(X11, shell, editors,  
compilers, etc.)

## **Anwen- dungen**

## **Libraries**

C-Lib(open, close, read, write, fork, etc.), X11-lib, ...

## **Unix Operating System Kernel**

(process management, memory management,  
file systems, I/O, protocols, etc.)

CPU, memory, disks, terminals, etc.

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# Ausgewählte Shell-Kommandos

<b>pwd</b>	print name of working directory
<b>ls</b>	list a directory
<b>mkdir</b>	make a directory
<b>cd</b>	change directory
<b>mv</b>	move (rename) files
<b>rm</b>	remove (delete) files
<b>chmod</b>	change file access permissions
<b>cp</b>	copy
<b>ln</b>	make links between files
<b>cat</b>	concatenate files and print on standard output
<b>less</b>	opposite of <b>more</b>
<b>ps</b>	process list
<b>man</b>	browse manual pages

***Syntax:*    name options arguments**

# Programmentwicklung

## hello1.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf(„Hello World\n“);
    return 0;
}
```

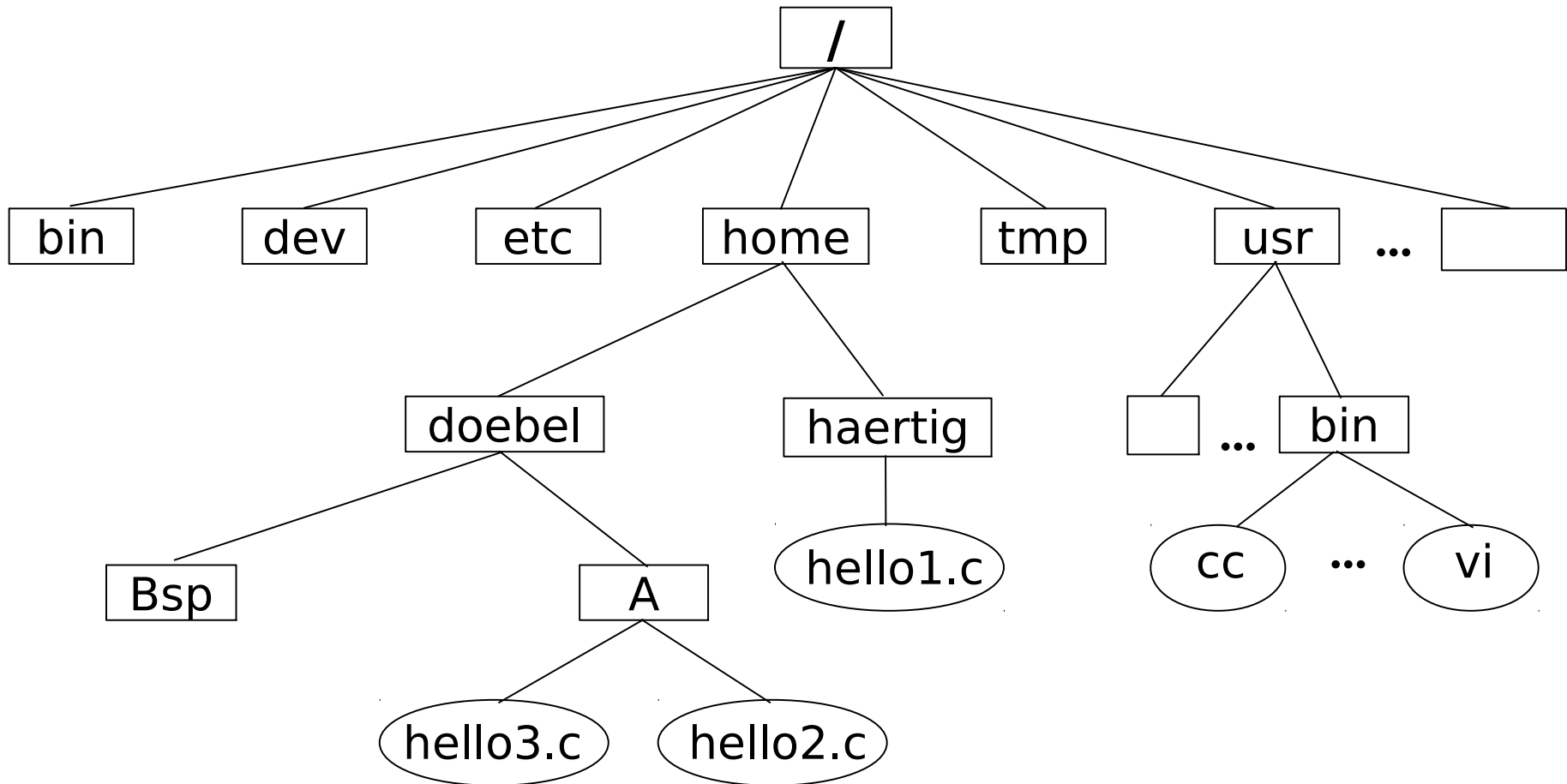
Präprozessor-Direktive  
Eintrittspunkt

exit-Status  
(0: erfolgreich)

## mkdir Bsp

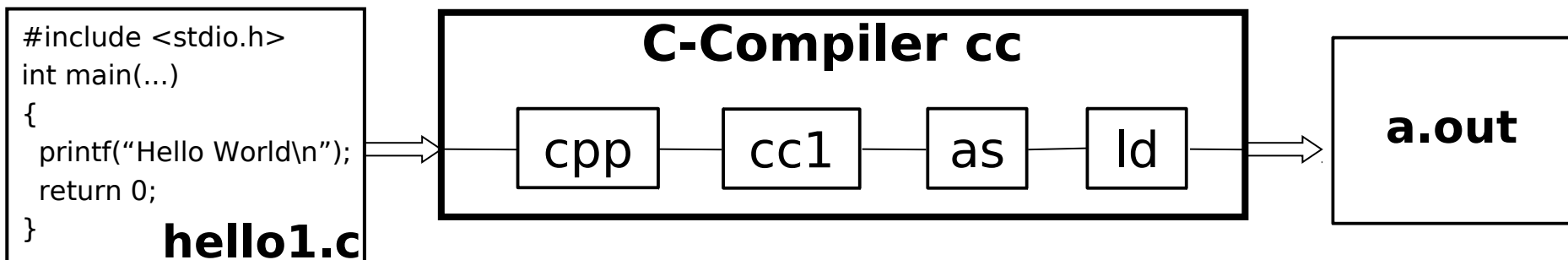
```
cp /home/haertig/hello1.c Bsp
cd Bsp
ls -l
chmod g+r hello1.c
cat hello1.c
```

# Verzeichnisstruktur



# Schritte des C-Compilers

- `cc` ist ein „Frontend“ für folgende Teile:
  - Präprozessor `cpp`: `.c`  $\Rightarrow$  `.i` C ohne Makros
  - Compiler `cc1`: `(.i) .c`  $\Rightarrow$  `.s` Assembler Quelltext
  - Assembler `as`: `.s`  $\Rightarrow$  `.o` Objektdatei
  - Linker `ld`: `.o`  $\Rightarrow$  `a.out` Programm
- `.c`, `.i` und `.s` sind Text  $\Rightarrow$  Texteditor, z. B. `vi`
- `.o` ist Maschinencode  $\Rightarrow$  `nm`, `objdump`, `objcopy`
- `a.out` ist ausführbar  $\Rightarrow$  `ldd`, `nm`, `readelf`, `gdb`



# Schritte des C-Compilers

- Präprozessor:  
`cc -E -o hello1.i hello1.c`  
`less hello1.i`
- Compiler:  
`cc -S -o hello1.s hello1.i`
- Assembler:  
`cc -c -o hello1.o hello1.s`  
`objdump -lSd hello1.o`
- Linker:  
`cc -o hello1 hello1.o`

`hello1`

`ls -l h*`

# Rolle des Betriebssystems

```
void _start()
{
    // setup
    status = main(argc, argv);
    int main(int argc, char **argv)
    {
        printf(„Hello World\n“);
        int printf(...) → int vprintf(...)
        {
            write(stdout, „Hello world\n“, 12);
        }
        return 0;
    }
    exit(status);
}
```

**libc.so.6**

**a.out**

**crt1.o**

# Schnittstelle zum Betriebssystem

## 346 Systemaufrufe unter Linux (siehe `/usr/include/asm/unistd.h`)

*Kernel 2.2/2.4/2.6/2.6.28/3.0: 190 ⇒ 237 ⇒ 273 ⇒ 331 ⇒ 346 Systemaufrufe*

restart\_syscall exit fork read write open close waitpid creat link unlink execve chdir time mknod chmod lchown break oldstat lseek  
getpid mount umount setuid getuid stime ptrace alarm oldfstat pause utime stty gtty access nice ftime sync kill rename mkdir rmdir  
dup pipe times prof brk setgid getgid signal geteuid getegid acct umount2 lock ioctl fcntl mpx setpgid ulimit oldolduname umask  
chroot ustat dup2 getppid getpgrp setsid sigaction sgetmask ssetmask setreuid setregid sigsuspend sigpending sethostname  
setrlimit getrlimit getrusage gettimeofday setttimeofday getgroups setgroups select symlink oldstat readlink uselib swapon reboot  
readdir mmap munmap truncate ftruncate fchmod fchown getpriority setpriority profil statfs fstatfs ioperm socketcall syslog setitimer  
getitimer stat lstat fstat olduname iopl vhangup idle vm86old wait4 swapoff sysinfo ipc fsync sigreturn clone setdomainname uname  
modify\_ldt adjtimex mprotect sigprocmask create\_module init\_module delete\_module get\_kernel\_syms quotactl getpgid fchdir  
bdflush sysfs personality afs\_syscall setfsuid setfsgid \_llseek getdents \_newselect flock msync readv writev getsid fdatsync \_sysctl  
mlock munlock mlockall munlockall sched\_setparam sched\_getparam sched\_setscheduler sched\_getscheduler sched\_yield  
sched\_get\_priority\_max sched\_get\_priority\_min sched\_rr\_get\_interval nanosleep mremap setresuid getresuid vm86 query\_module  
poll nfsservctl setresgid getresgid prctl rt\_sigreturn rt\_sigaction rt\_sigprocmask rt\_sigpending rt\_sigtimedwait rt\_sigqueueinfo  
rt\_sigsuspend pread64 pwrite64 chown getcwd capget capset sigaltstack sendfile getpmsg putpmsg vfork ugetrlimit mmap2  
truncate64 ftruncate64 stat64 lstat64 fstat64 lchown32 getuid32 getgid32 geteuid32 getegid32 setreuid32 setregid32 getgroups32  
setgroups32 fchown32 setresuid32 getresuid32 setresgid32 getresgid32 chown32 setuid32 setgid32 setfsuid32 setfsgid32 pivot\_root  
mincore madvise madvise1 getdents64 fcntl64 gettid readahead setxattr lsetxattr fsetxattr getxattr lgetxattr fgetxattr listxattr  
lissetxattr removexattr lremovexattr fremovexattr tkill sendfile64 futex sched\_setaffinity sched\_getaffinity set\_thread\_area  
get\_thread\_area io\_setup io\_destroy io\_getevents io\_submit io\_cancel fadvise64 exit\_group lookup\_dcookie epoll\_create epoll\_ctl  
epoll\_wait remap\_file\_pages set\_tid\_address timer\_create timer\_settime timer\_gettime timer\_getoverrun timer\_delete clock\_settime  
clock\_gettime clock\_getres clock\_nanosleep statfs64 fstatfs64 tkill utimes fadvise64\_64 vserver mbind get\_mempolicy  
set\_mempolicy mq\_open mq\_unlink mq\_timedsend mq\_timedreceive mq\_notify mq\_getsetattr kexec\_load waitid add\_key  
request\_key keyctl ioprio\_set ioprio\_get inotify\_init inotify\_add\_watch inotify\_rm\_watch migrate\_pages openat mkdirat mkodat  
fchownat futimesat fstatat64 unlinkat renameat linkat symlinkat readlinkat fchmodat faccessat pselect6 ppoll unshare set\_robust\_list  
get\_robust\_list splice sync\_file\_range tee vmsplice move\_pages getcpu epoll\_pwait utimensat signalfd timerfd\_create eventfd  
fallocate timerfd\_settime timerfd\_gettime signalfd4 eventfd2 epoll\_create1 dup3 pipe2 inotify\_init1 preadv pwritev rt\_tsigqueueinfo  
perf\_event\_open recvmmsg fanotify\_init fanotify\_mark prlimit64 name\_to\_handle\_at open\_by\_handle\_at clock\_adjtime syncfs  
sendmmsg setns

# Programmentwicklung

## hello2.c

```
#include <unistd.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    write(1, „Hello World\n“, 12)
        ↑                ↑
    STDOUT_FILENO    HELLO_LENGTH
    return 0;
}
```

```
cc hello2.c
hello2
```



# Prozess-Struktur

## hello3.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int err = 0;
    printf("Bitte Enter-Taste drücken...\n");
    err = getchar();
    if (err < 0)
        perror("getchar");
    return 0;
}
```

# Prozess-Struktur

```
>$ hello3 &
```

```
[1] 433
```

```
>$ Bitte Enter-Taste drücken...
```

```
ps -l
```

UID	PID	PPID	PRI	CMD
1026	331	330	75	bash
1026	433	331	76	hello3
1026	453	331	77	ps