Taming the Robots: The L4Android Framework

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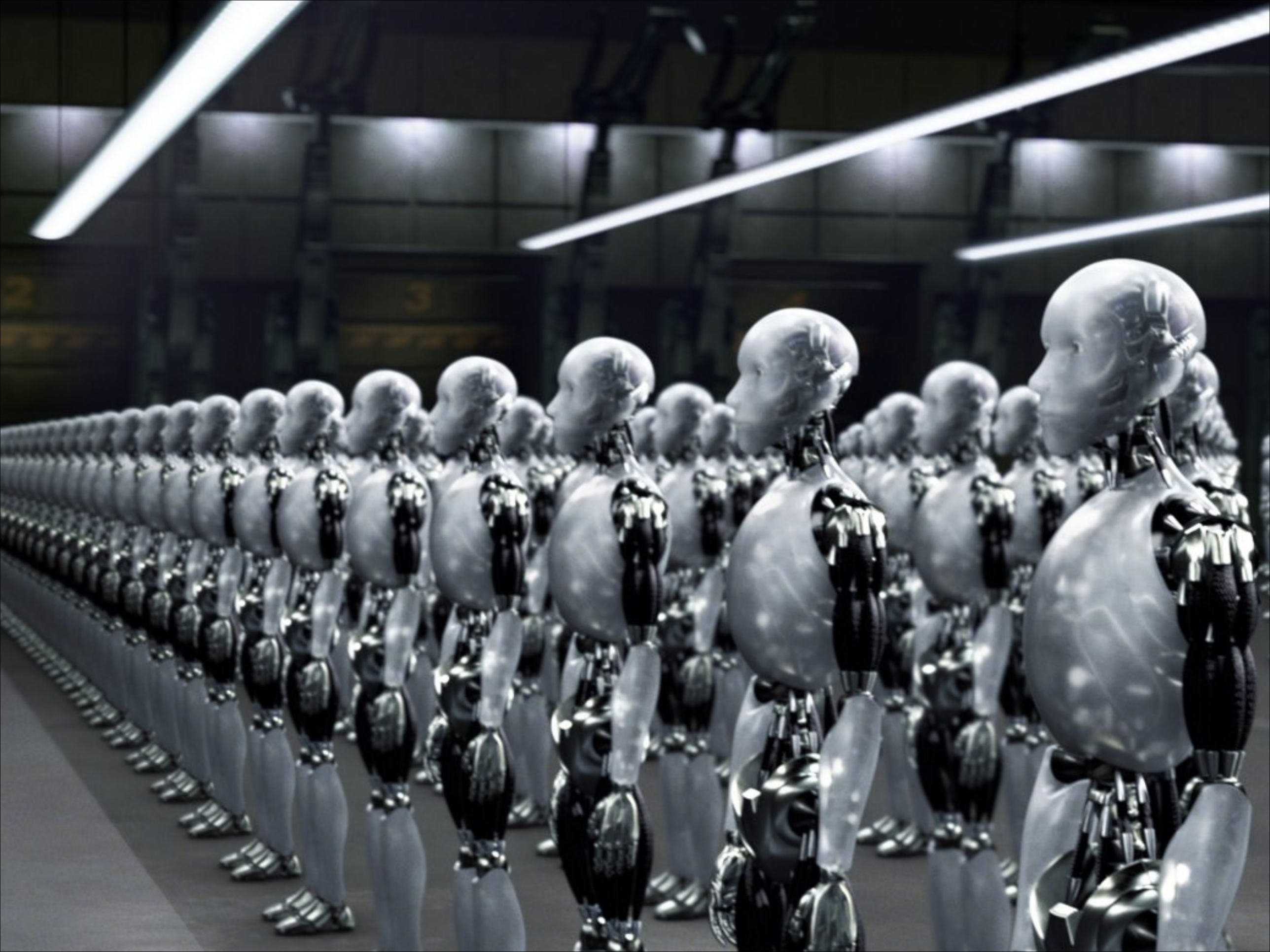
Who am I?

Embedded Systems Developer at Bosch

Security Researcher at TU Berlin

Senior OS Engineer at Kernkonzept GmbH




Motivation

Device Accumulation

- Private
- Business
- Development
- You name it

Security

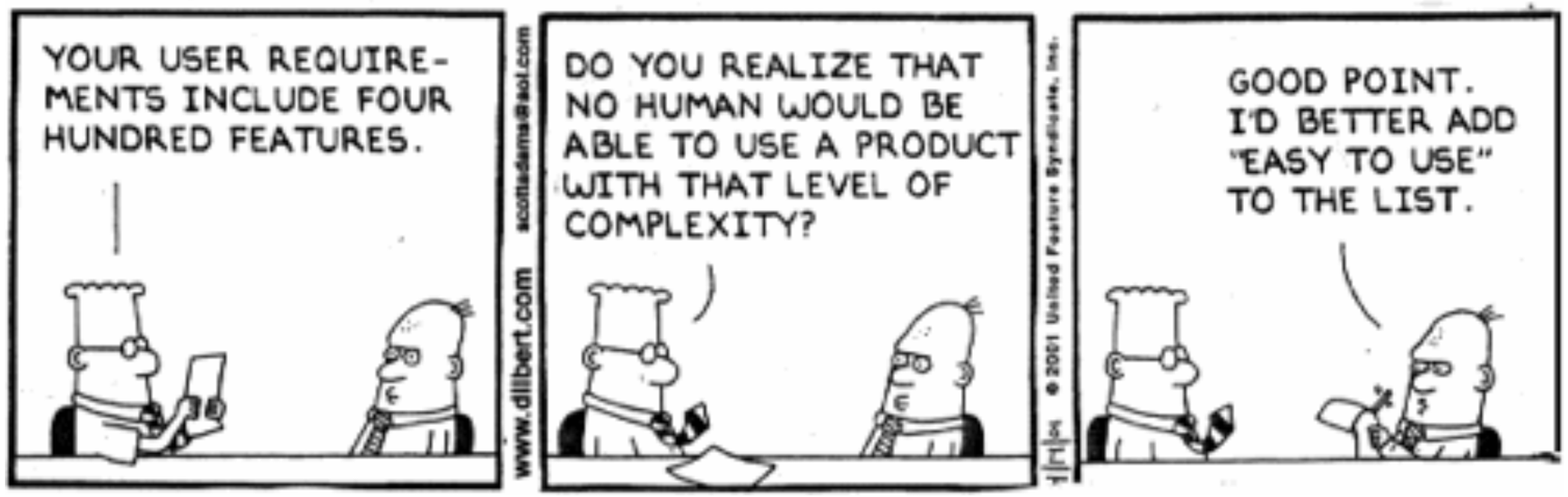
- Emerging threats
- Existing OS not secure
- Future applications
  - eHealth
  - Mobile payment (NFC)
  - Encrypted voice and text

Security cont.

- "Everybody" wants its own secure smartphone
- Governments
- Businesses

Usability vs. Security

- Bring your own device
- Security == bad usability


DILBERT by Scott Adams
YOUR USER REQUIRE-
MENTS INCLUDE FOUR
HUNDRED FEATURES.
DO YOU REALIZE THAT
NO HUMAN WOULD BE
ABLE TO USE A PRODUCT
WITH THAT LEVEL OF
COMPLEXITY?
GOOD POINT.
I'D BETTER ADD
"EASY TO USE"
TO THE LIST.
www.dilbert.com scottadams@aol.com
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Easy to use!

What can we do?

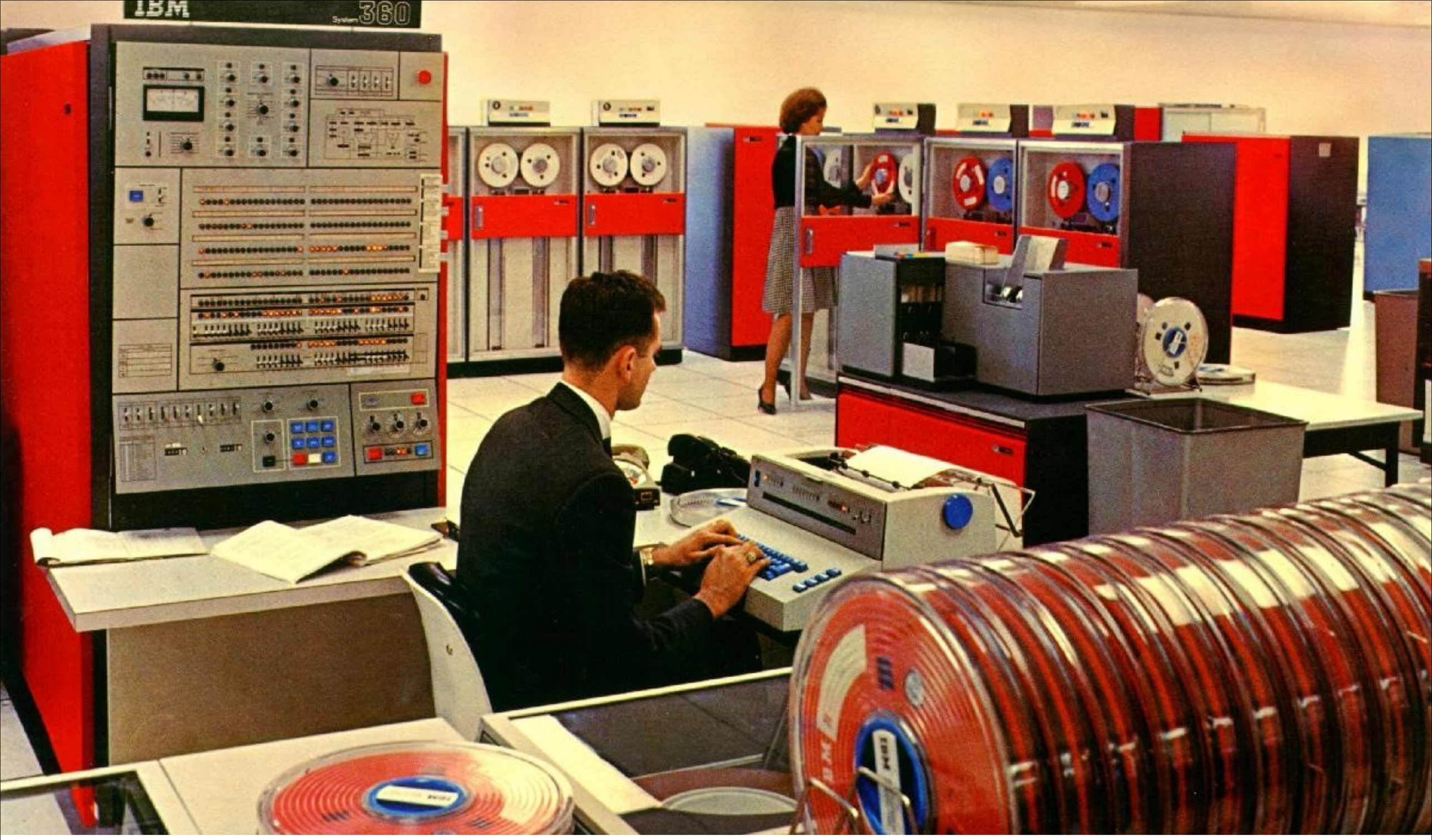
picture © www.norebbo.com

Patch OS?

Bad update record
Fragmentation

Add security layer?

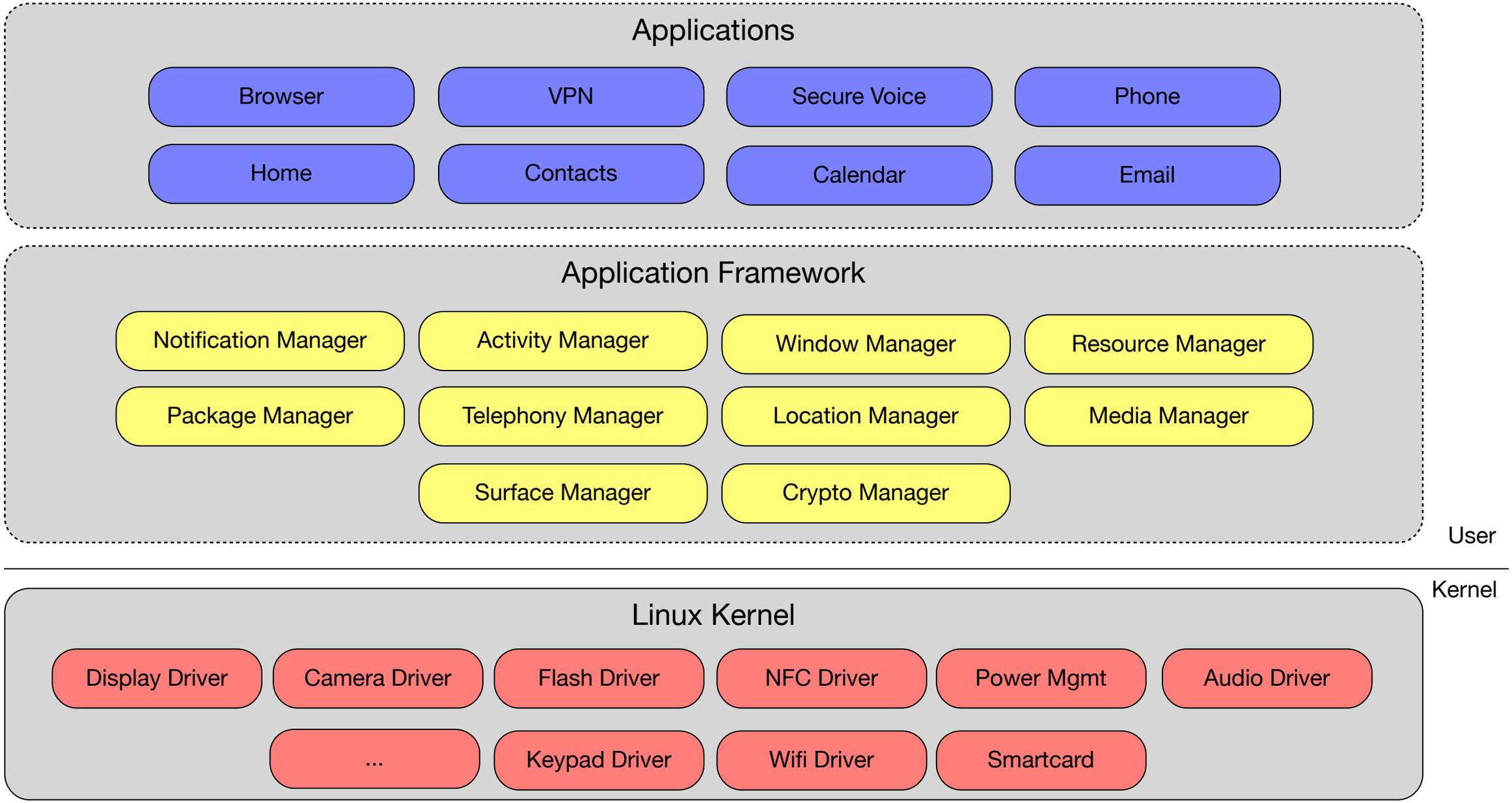
Change middleware
Improve permission model



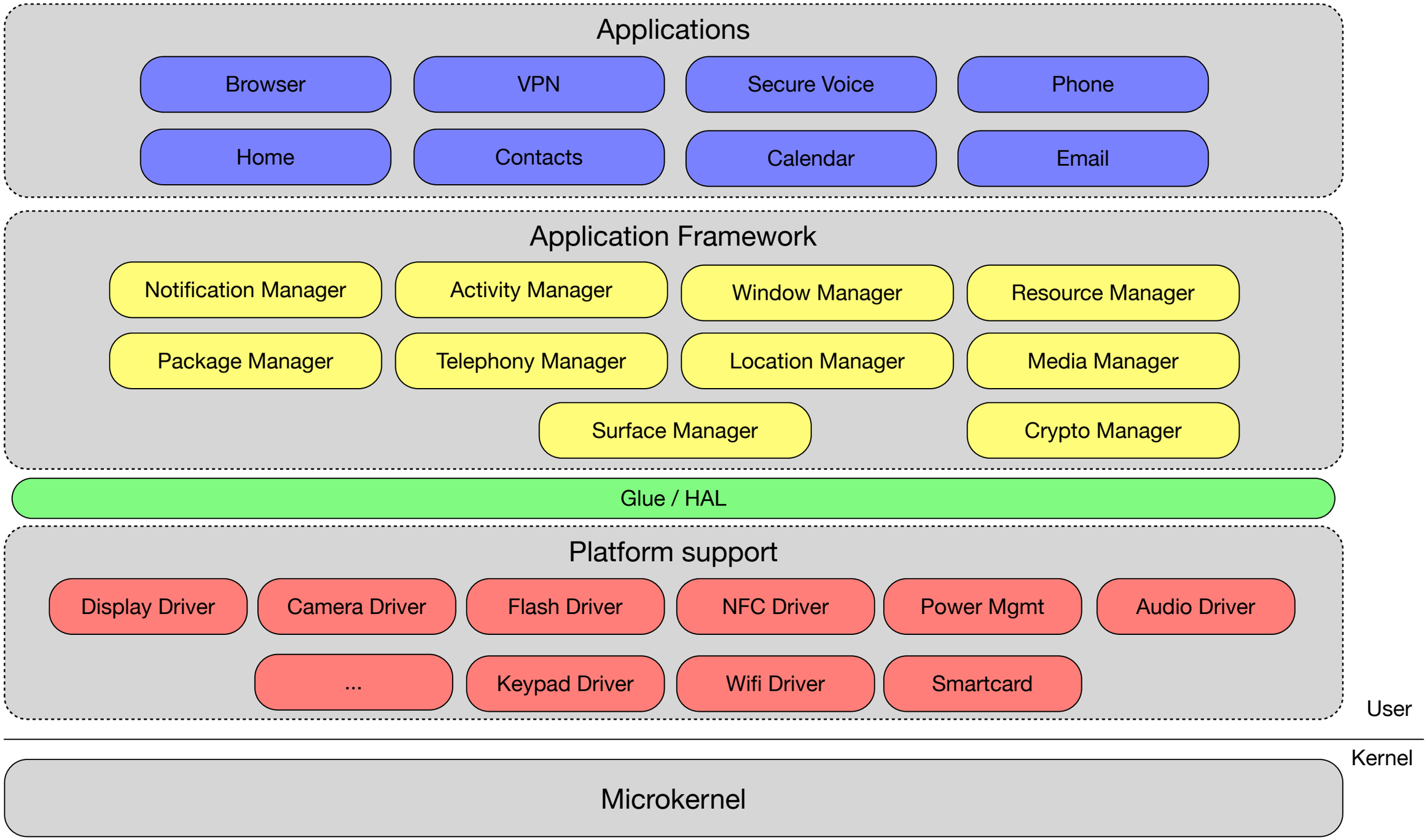
Virtualization

L4Android Framework

Make L4Linux run Android



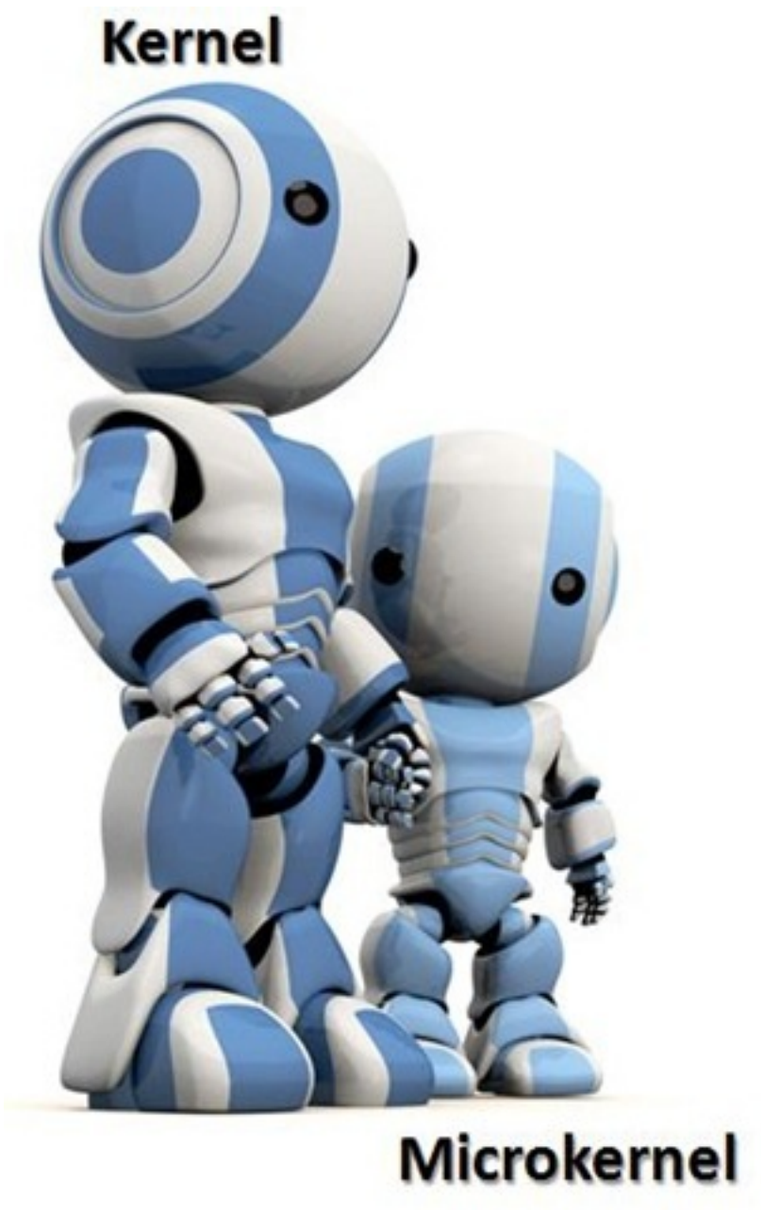
Instead of this ...


Applications
Browser
VPN
Secure Voice
Phone
Home
Contacts
Calendar
Email
Application Framework
Notification Manager
Activity Manager
Window Manager
Resource Manager
Package Manager
Telephony Manager
Location Manager
Media Manager
Surface Manager
Crypto Manager
Glue / HAL
Platform support
Display Driver
Camera Driver
Flash Driver
NFC Driver
Power Mgmt
Audio Driver
...
Keypad Driver
Wifi Driver
Smartcard
User
Kernel
Microkernel

... we want this

Microkernel as Hypervisor

- Less code, less errors
- Improvements over monolithic kernels
    - Fault isolation
    - Improved acces control
    - Flexibility
- Needs runtime environment

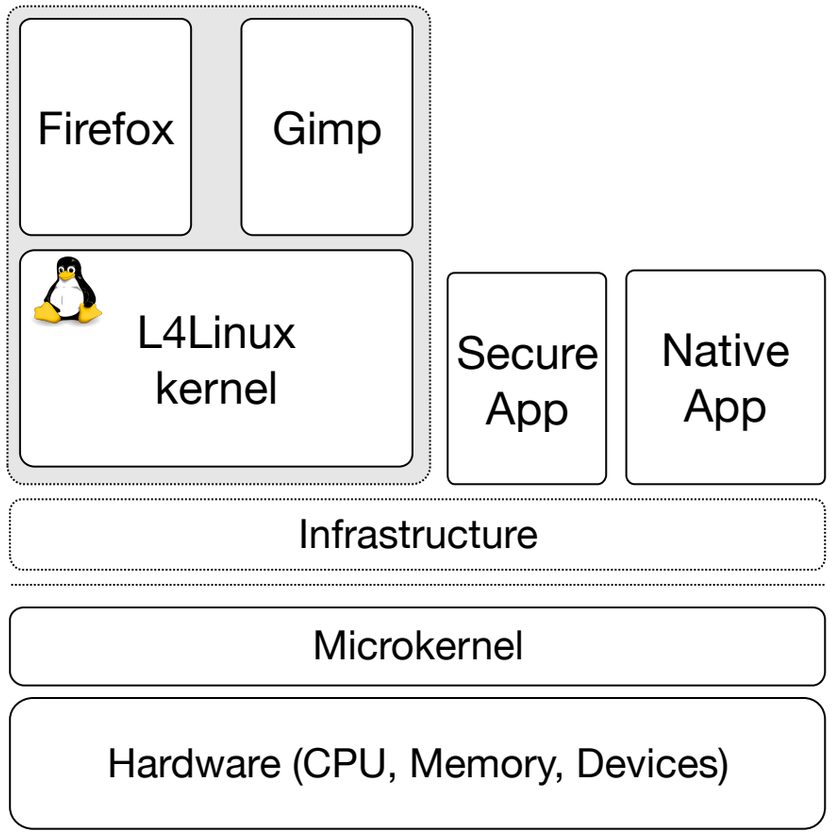


Fiasco.OC + L4Re

- 3rd gen. microkernel + runtime environment
  - x86 and ARM, SMP support
  - SVM, VT-x
  - L4Re provides basic services

Virtualization: L4Linux

- Applicable to non-virtualizable platforms
- Binary compatible to native
- Up-to-date Linux

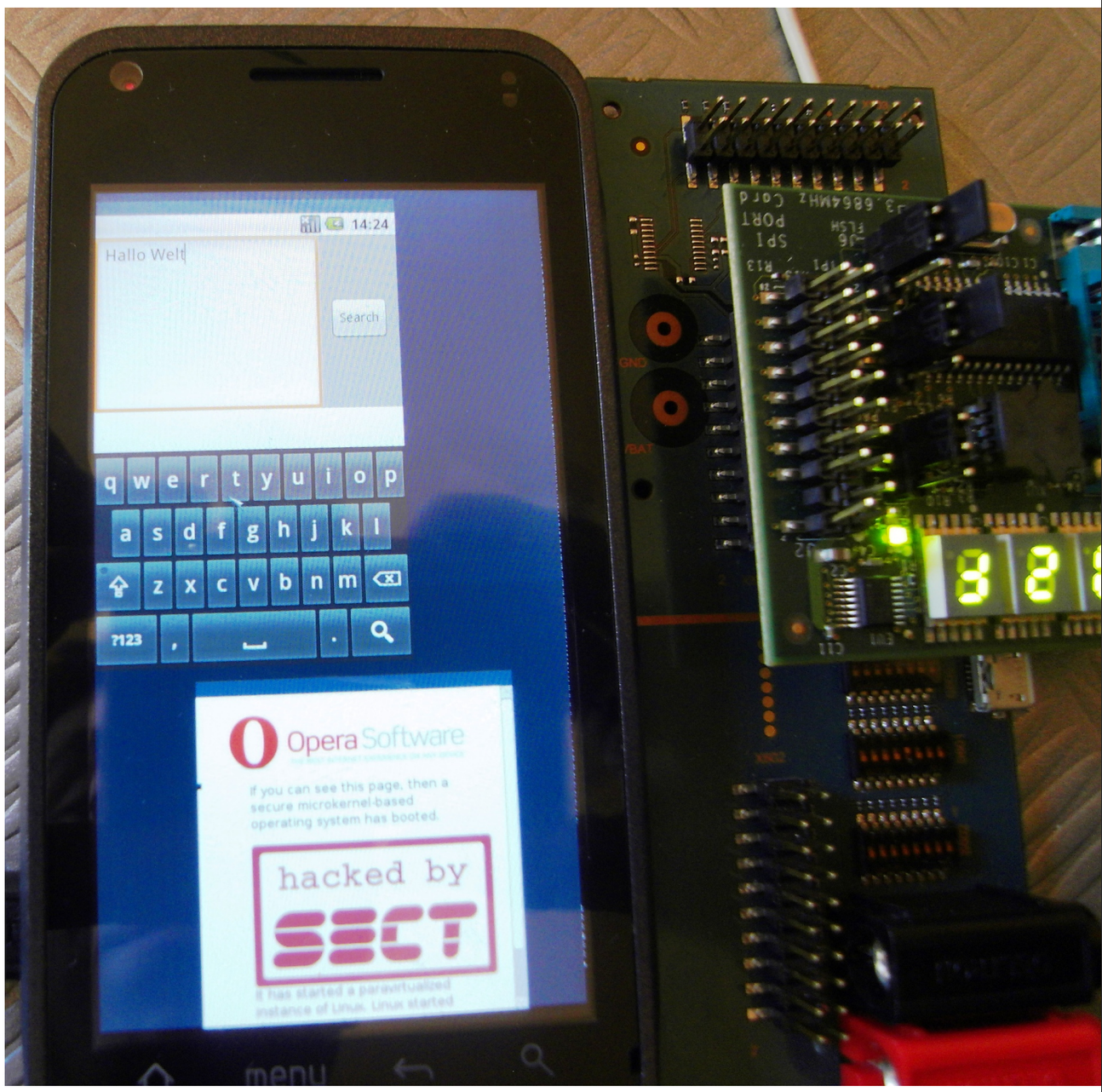


Steps and Building Blocks

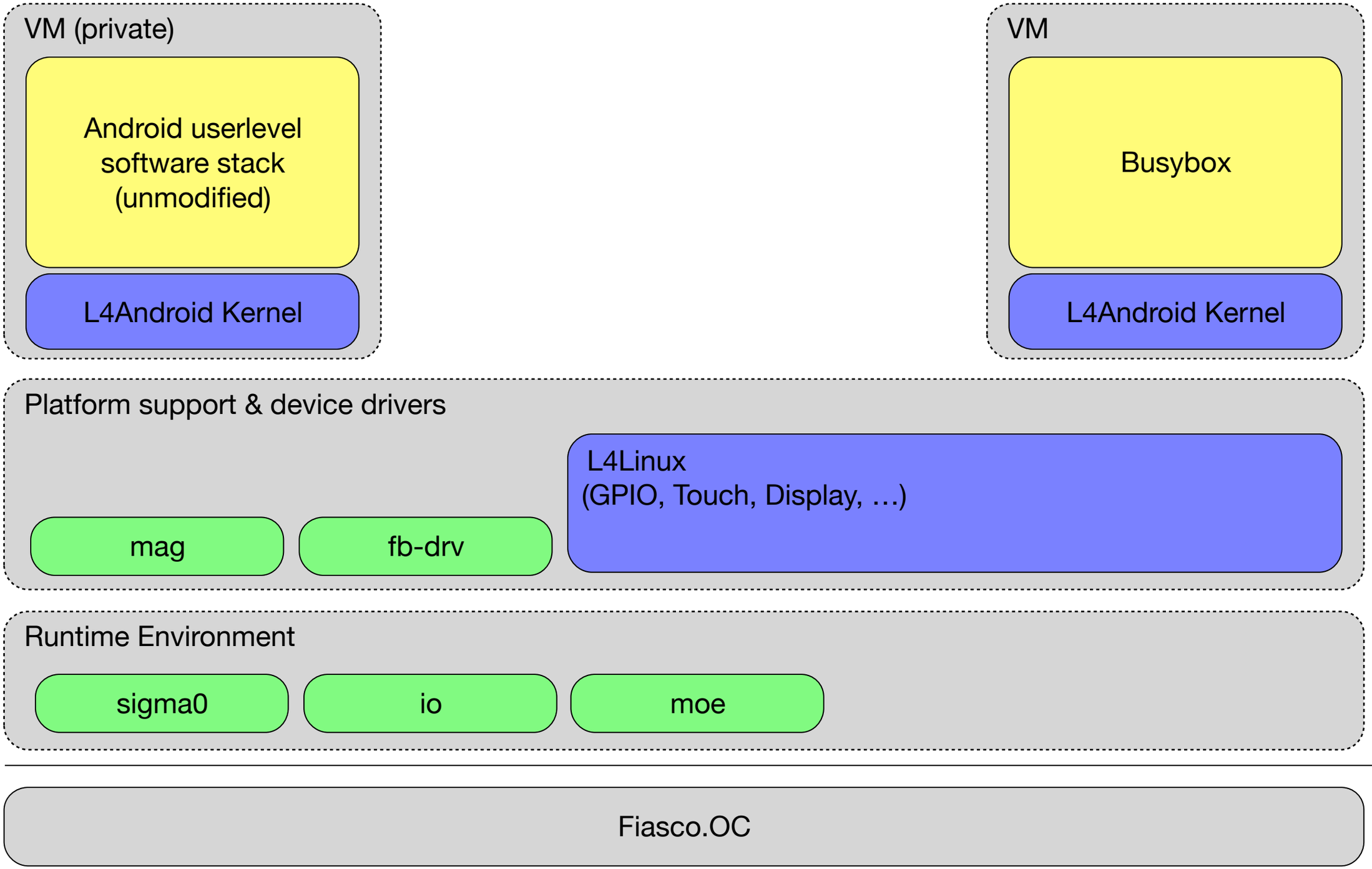
picture © www.norebbo.com

Cebit 2011

- Intel Moorestown prototype
- Virtualized Android + 2nd Linux + driver Linux
- No direct hardware access
- Only touchscreen and display
  - No sensors
  - No network



Prototype Architecture

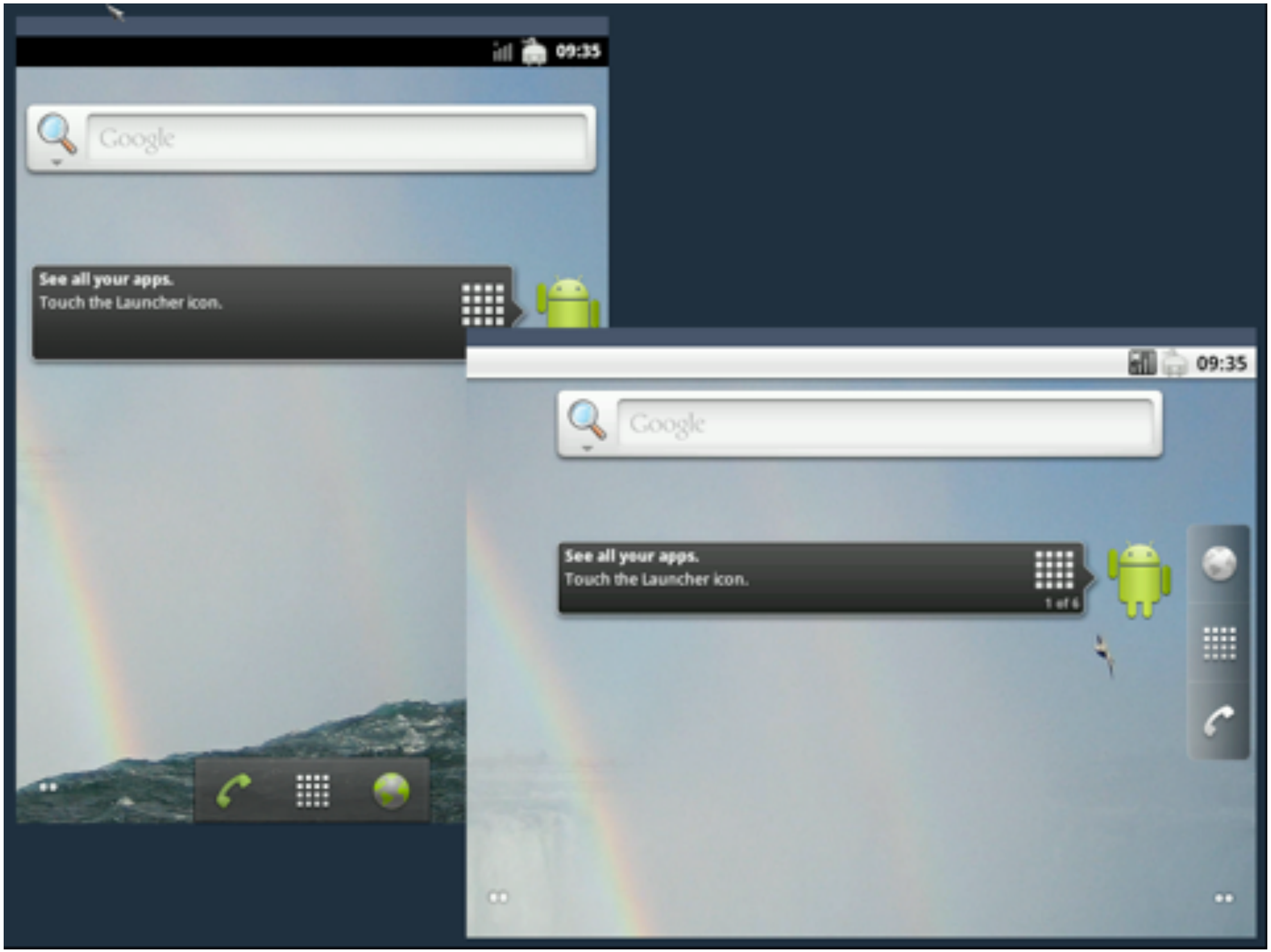


Implementation Steps

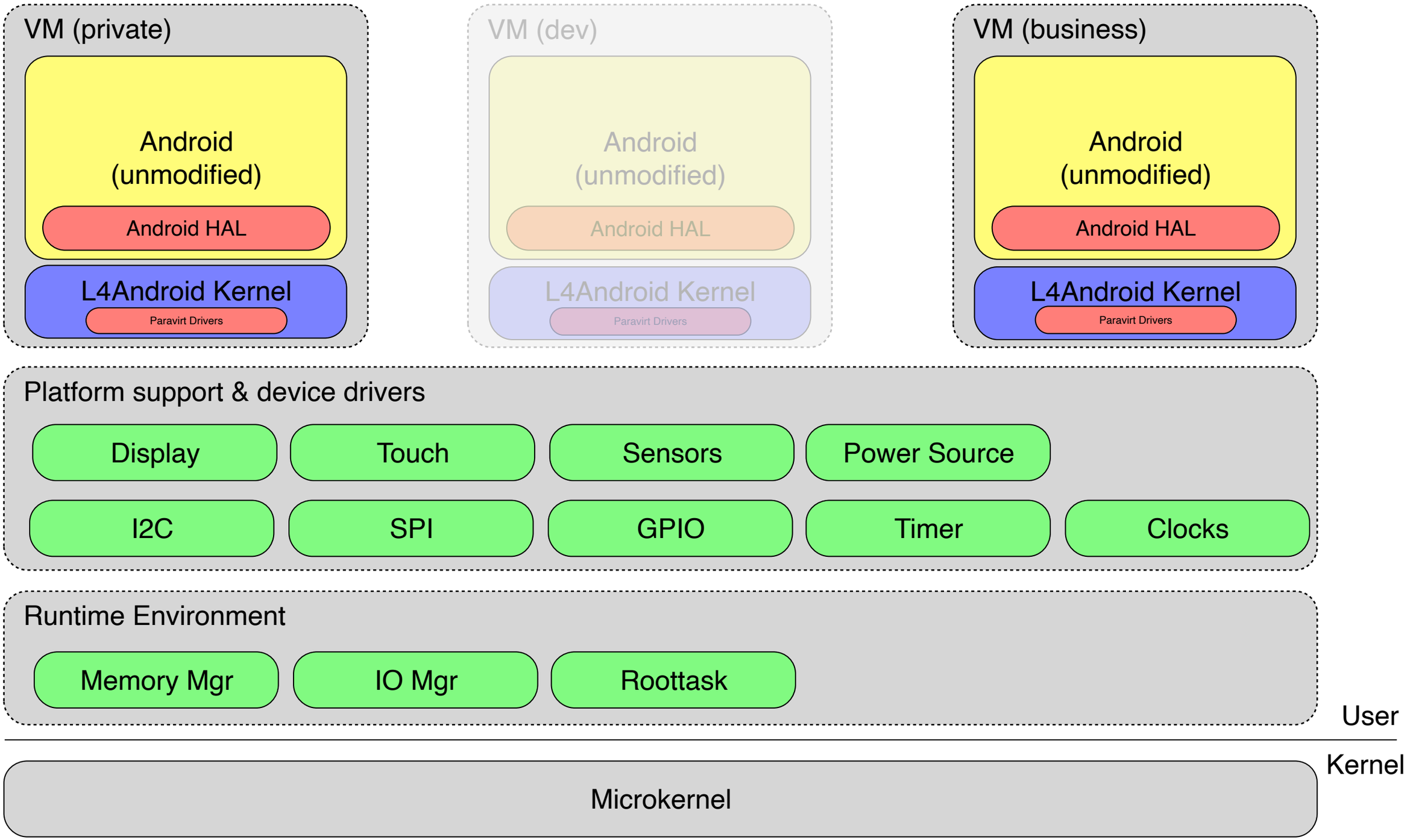
- Patch L4Linux with Android
  - binder, wakelocks, ashmem, …
- GPIO subsystem
  - Required for touchscreen and display
- fb-drv: MMIO replay from Linux driver

Towards the L4Android Framework

- Support for ARM and x86
- Android
  - Generic hardware interface for both architectures
- Require no hardware modifications or extensions


09:35
Google
See all your apps.
Touch the Launcher icon.
09:35
Google
See all your apps.
Touch the Launcher icon.
1 of 6

Run in qemu



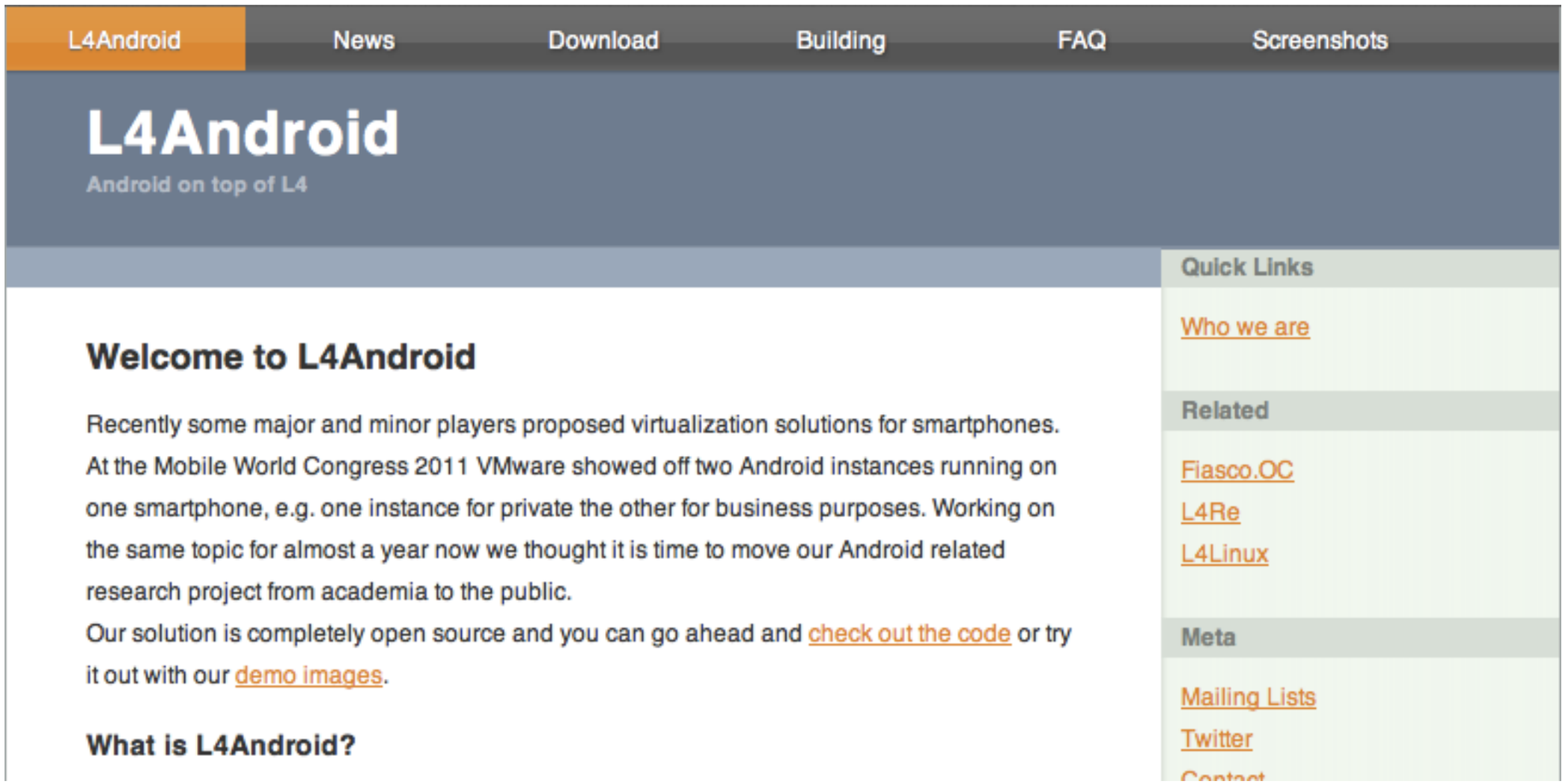
L4Android Architecture

“L4Android: A Generic Operating System Framework for Secure Smartphones”

–ACM SPSM ’11, Chicago, IL, USA

L4Android

- Open source project
- l4android.org



Applications

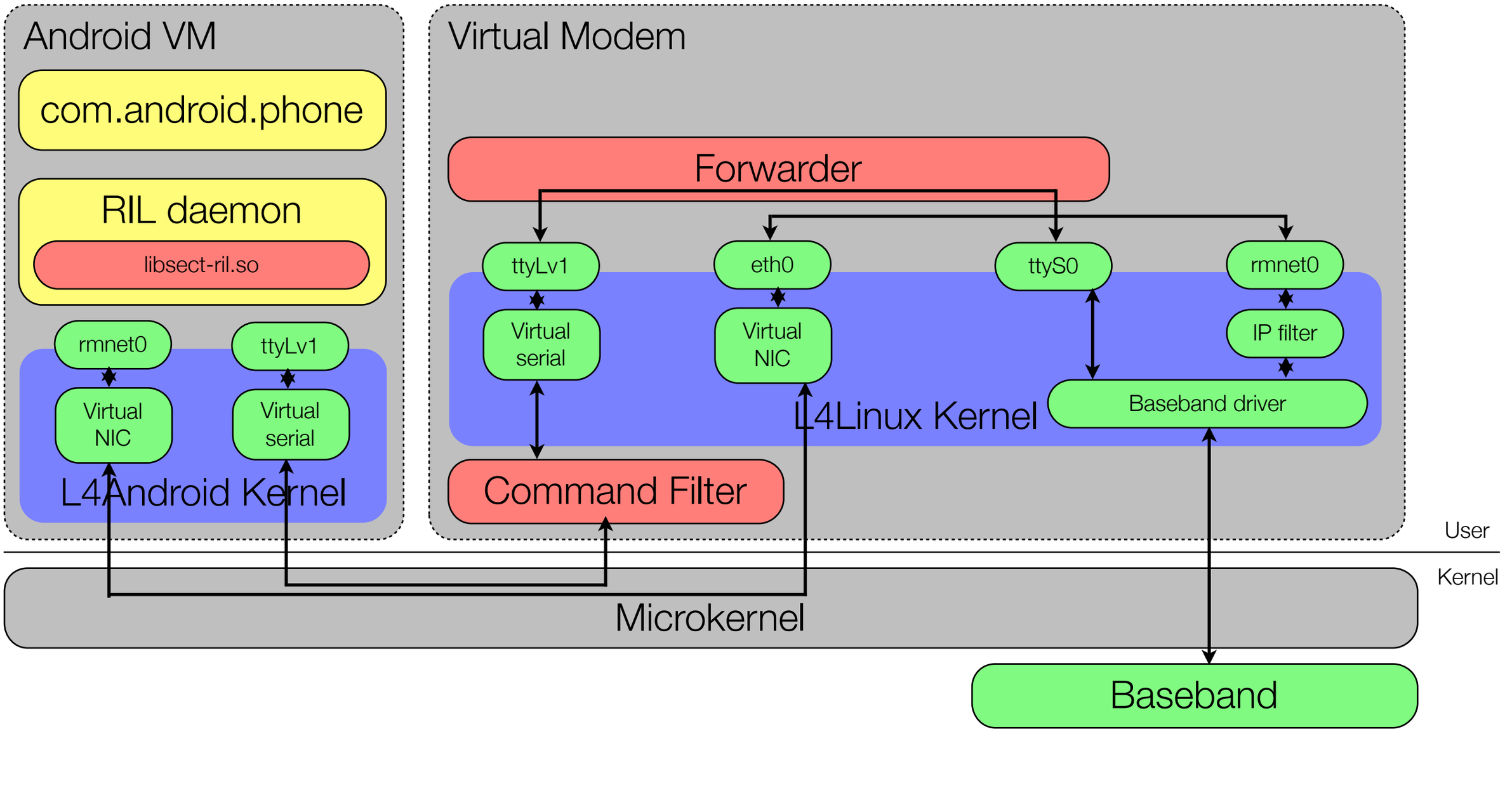
picture © www.norebbo.com

The Virtual Modem*

- Prevent signaling attacks on phone
- Protect user from cellular trojans

*Taming Mr. Hayes: Mitigating Signaling Based Attacks on Smartphones, IEEE DSN 2012

Virtual Modem Architecture



Virtual Modem Results

- Mitigate known signaling attacks
- Prevent premium number SMS
- Hinders SMS controlled botnets

SiMKo

SiMKo

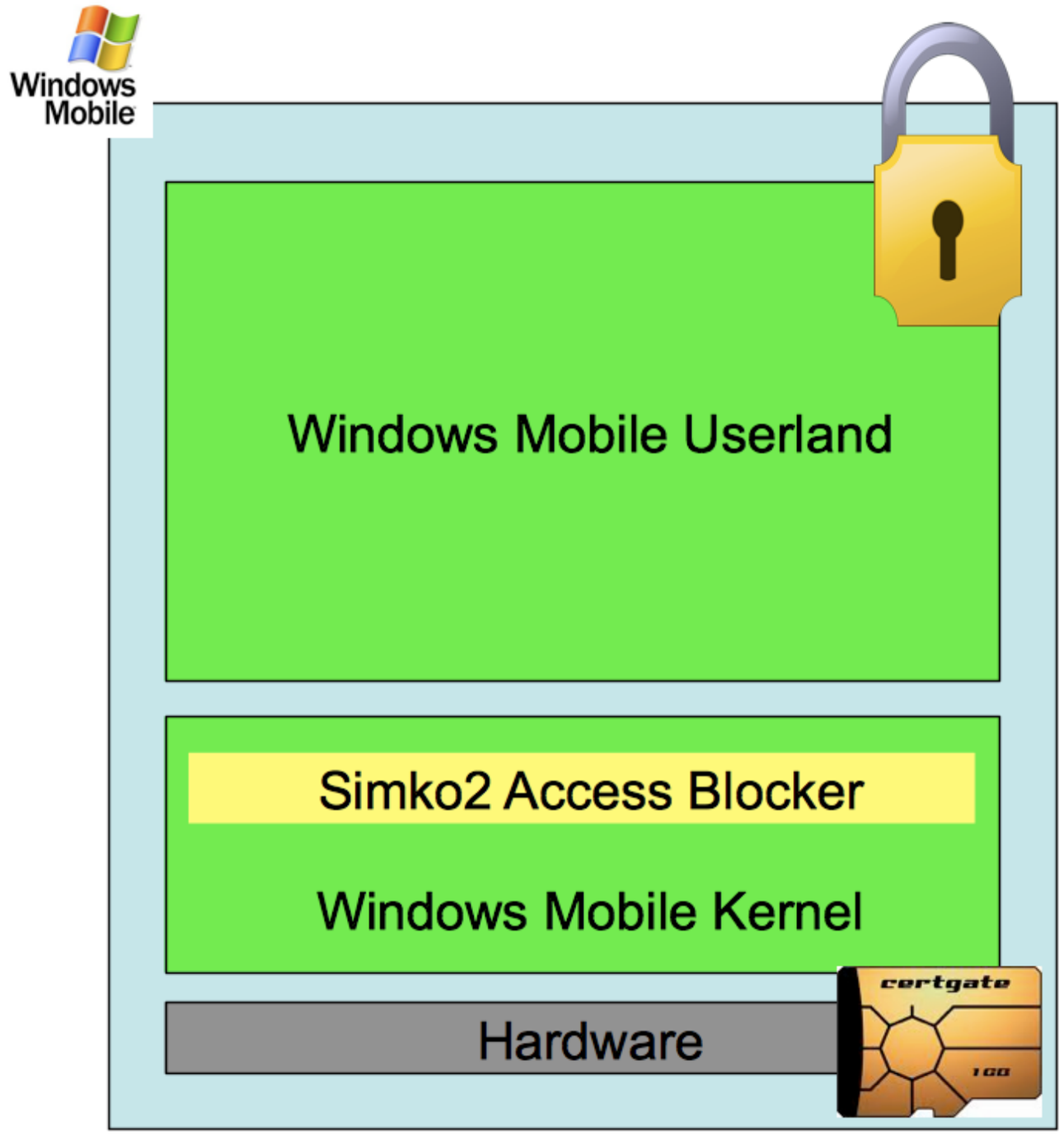
- **Si**chere **M**obile **Ko**mmunikation
- Confidential government communication
  - Data never leaves infrastructure unencrypted
- Meet BSI requirements for VS-NfD (confidential)

SiMKo2

picture © www.telekom.de

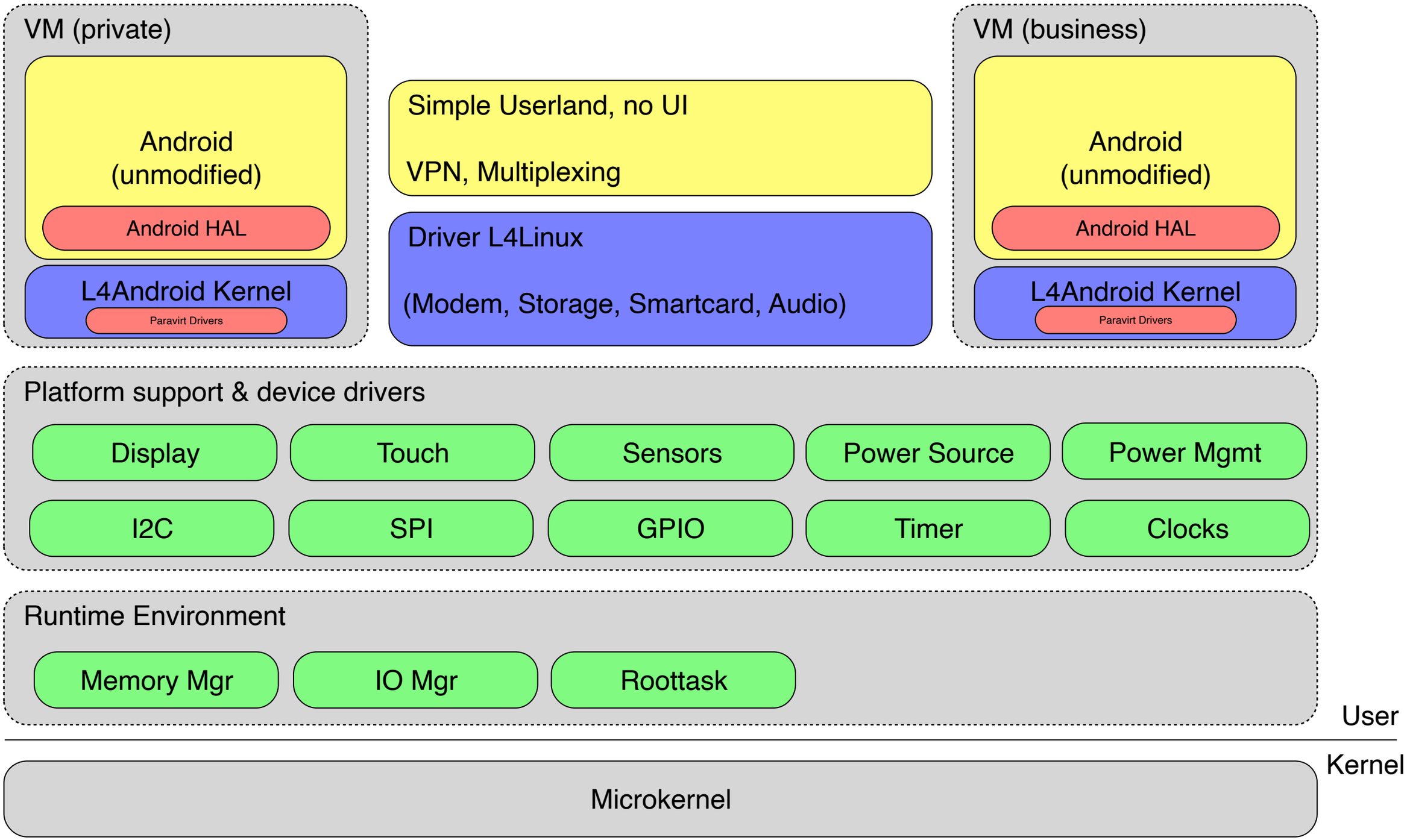
Why SiMKo3?

- SiMKo2 problems
  - Hardware EOL
  - No real control
  - Locked system
  - No Apps



SiMKo3 Requirements

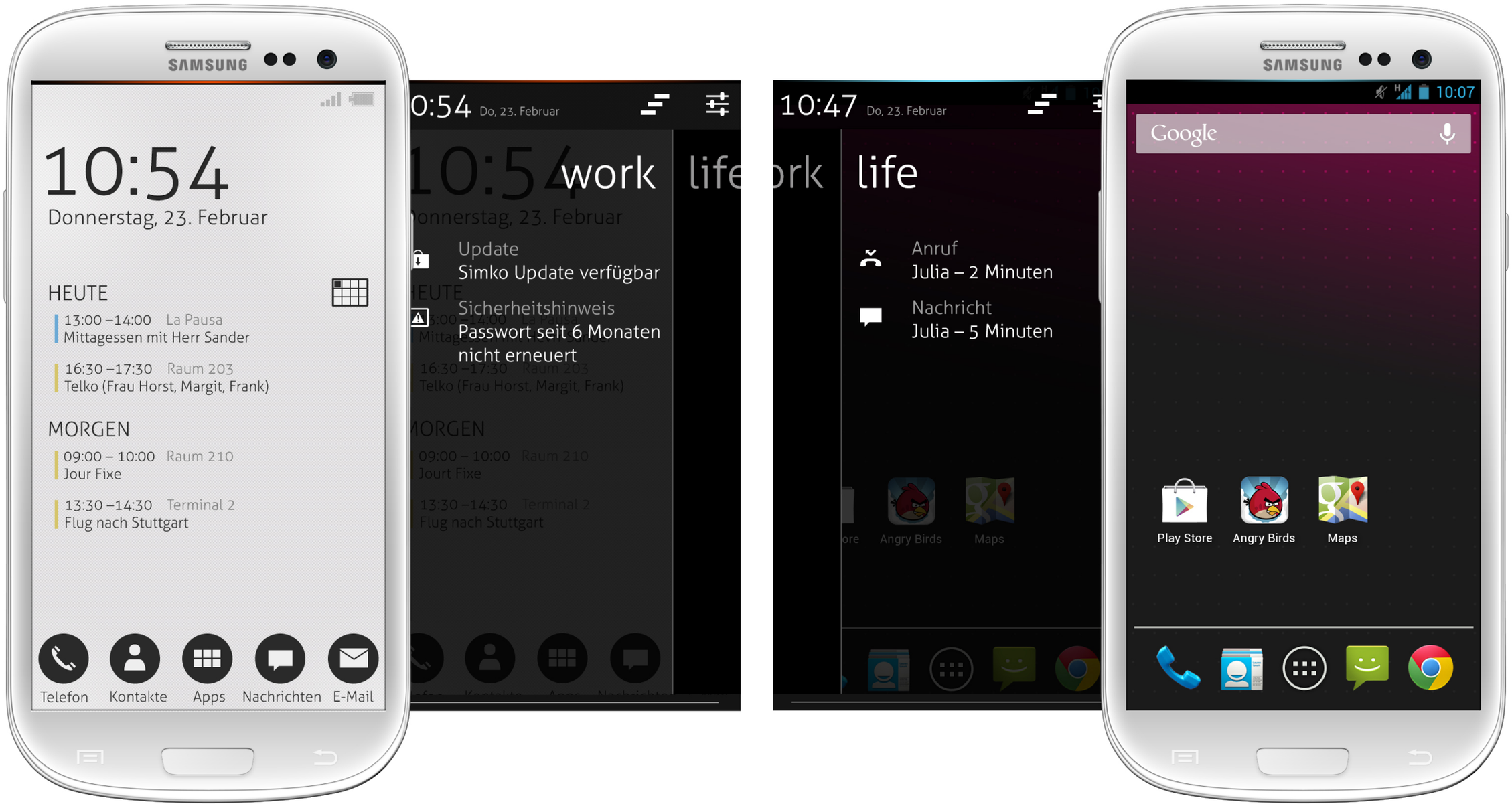
- Open Source Solution
  - Emphasis on security (MAC, small TCB)
- Reuse legacy software
  - with existing VS-NfD approval
  - Commodity OS



SiMKo3 Architecture

Multi-server OS

Life & Work



SiMKo3 Timeline

Team of 8 persons
Gave birth to 2 startups

Cebit 2011
Moorestown prototype

Summer 2011
Base system with 1 Android VM on ARM and x86

August 2011
Base system + 1 VM on Galaxy S2

Late 2011
Input + Sensor drivers, first HAL support

Cebit 2012
Galaxy S2 prototype, 2 VMs, Modem

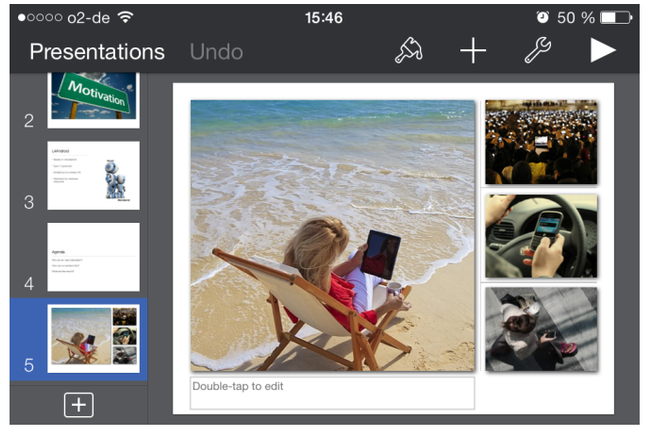
Late 2012
Galaxy S3 port, first power management

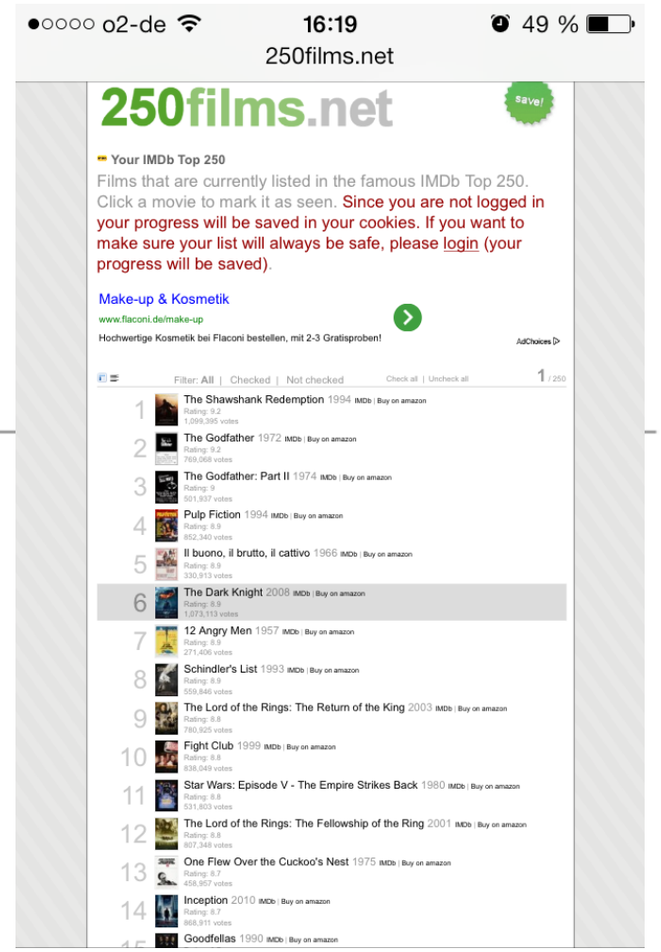
August 2013
BSI approval

Crossover: Secure UI

Observation 1: Rough conditions

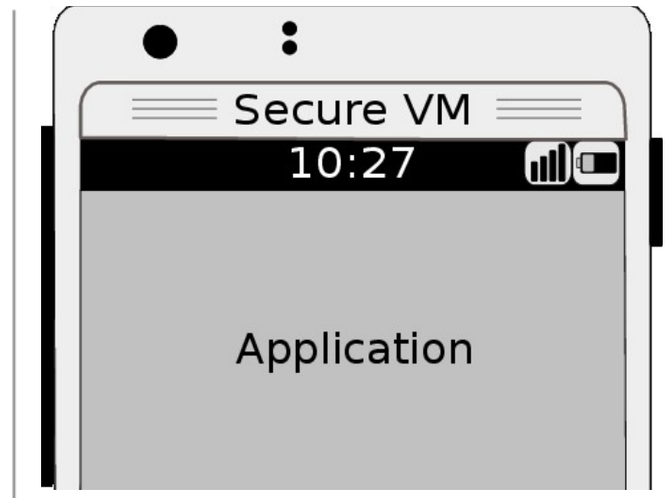
- One application at a time
- Fullscreen + information panel



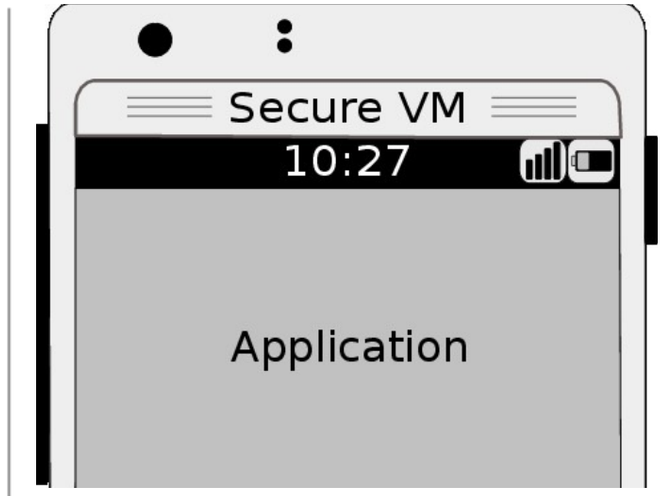


Observation 2: Application-centric UI

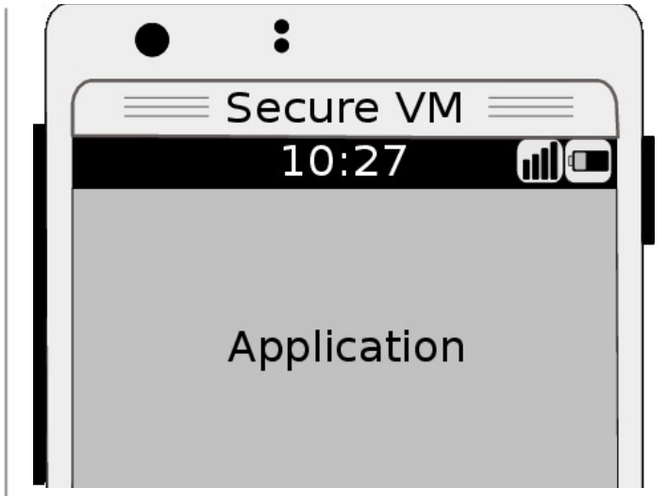
- Security Level Indicator as trusted path
- Identify active environment
- Switch between VMs

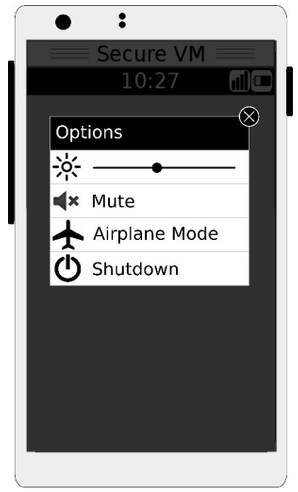


- Security Level Indicator as trusted path
- Identify active environment
- Switch between VMs
- Secure global menu
- Central policy for device-global functions

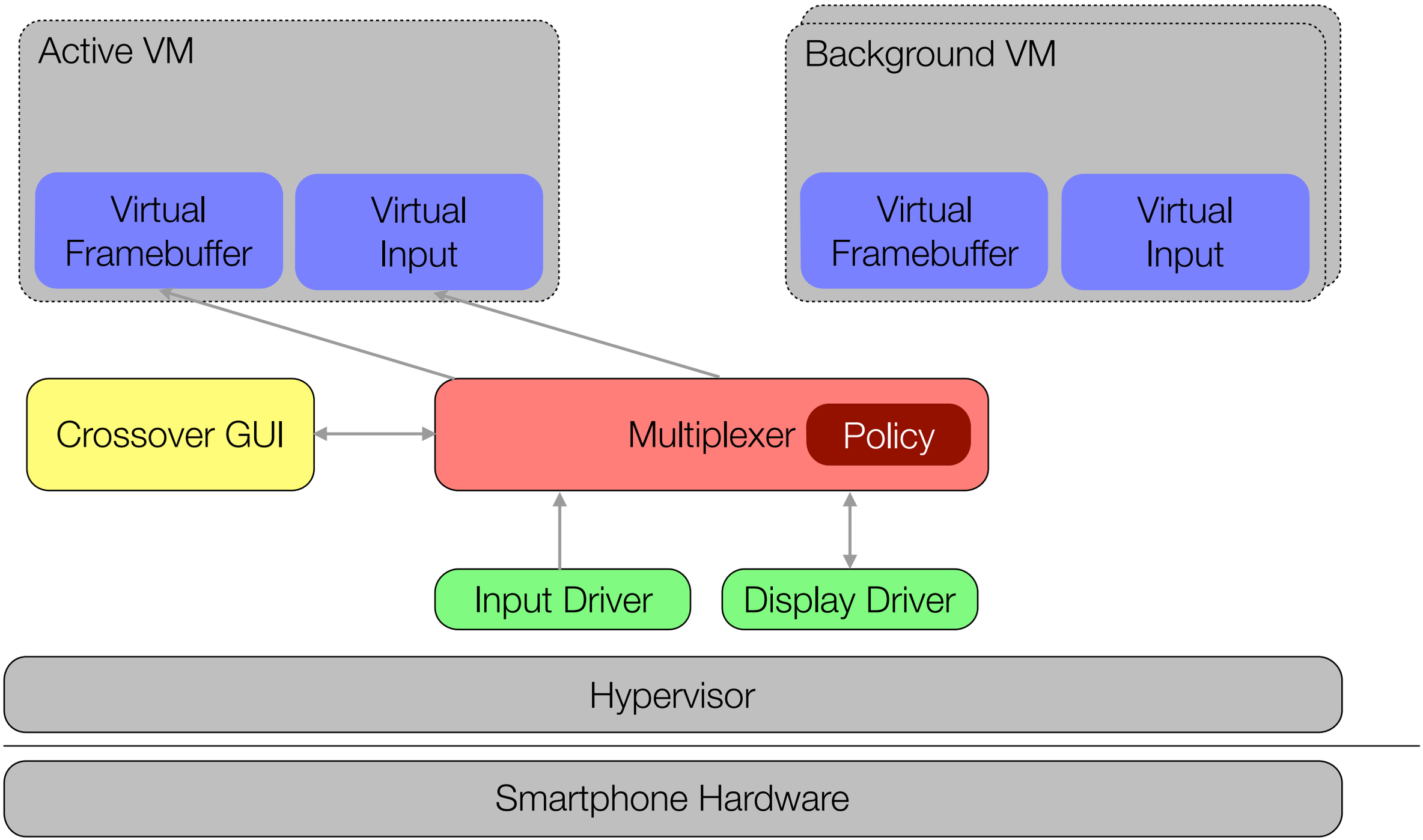


- Security Level Indicator as trusted path
- Identify active environment
- Switch between VMs
- Secure global menu
- Central policy for device-global functions
- Secure Lockscreen, lock device while idle
- Central notification center





Crossover Architecture



“Crossover: Secure and Usable User Interface for Mobile. Devices With Multiple Personalities”

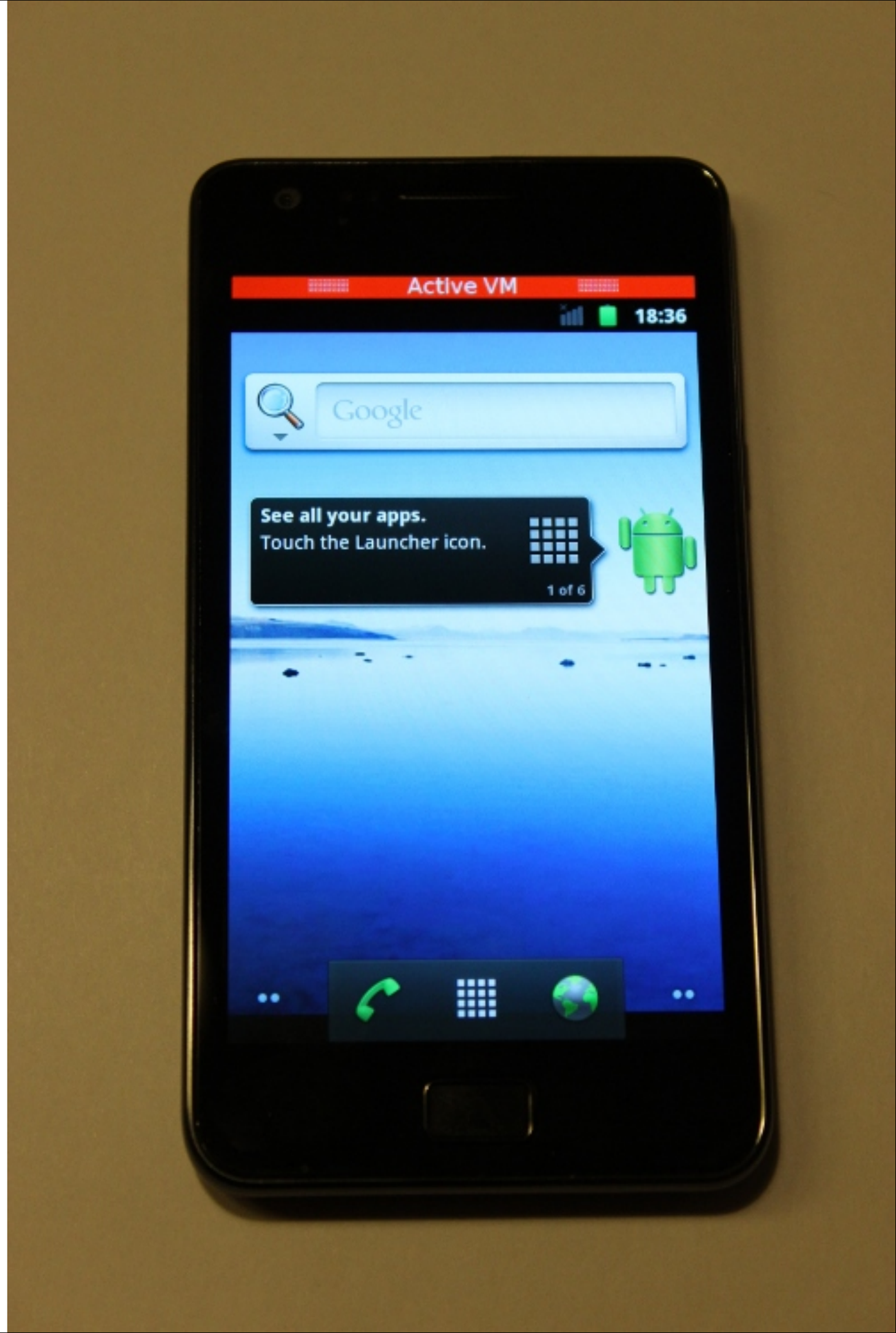
–ACSAC 2013, New Orleans, LA, USA

“Challenges”

picture © www.norebbo.com

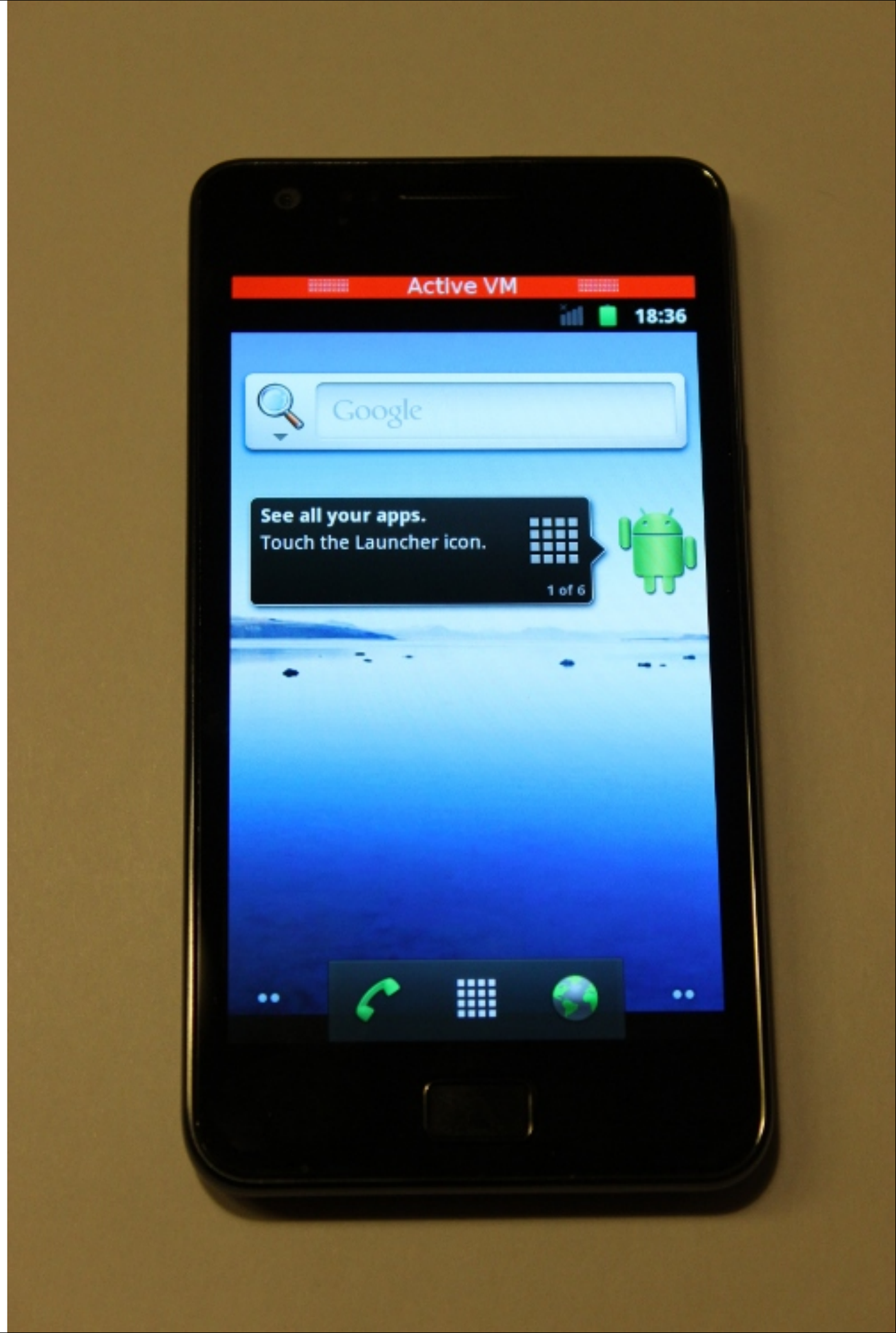
How to boot for fast development cycles?

Custom bootloader with USB and fastboot support.



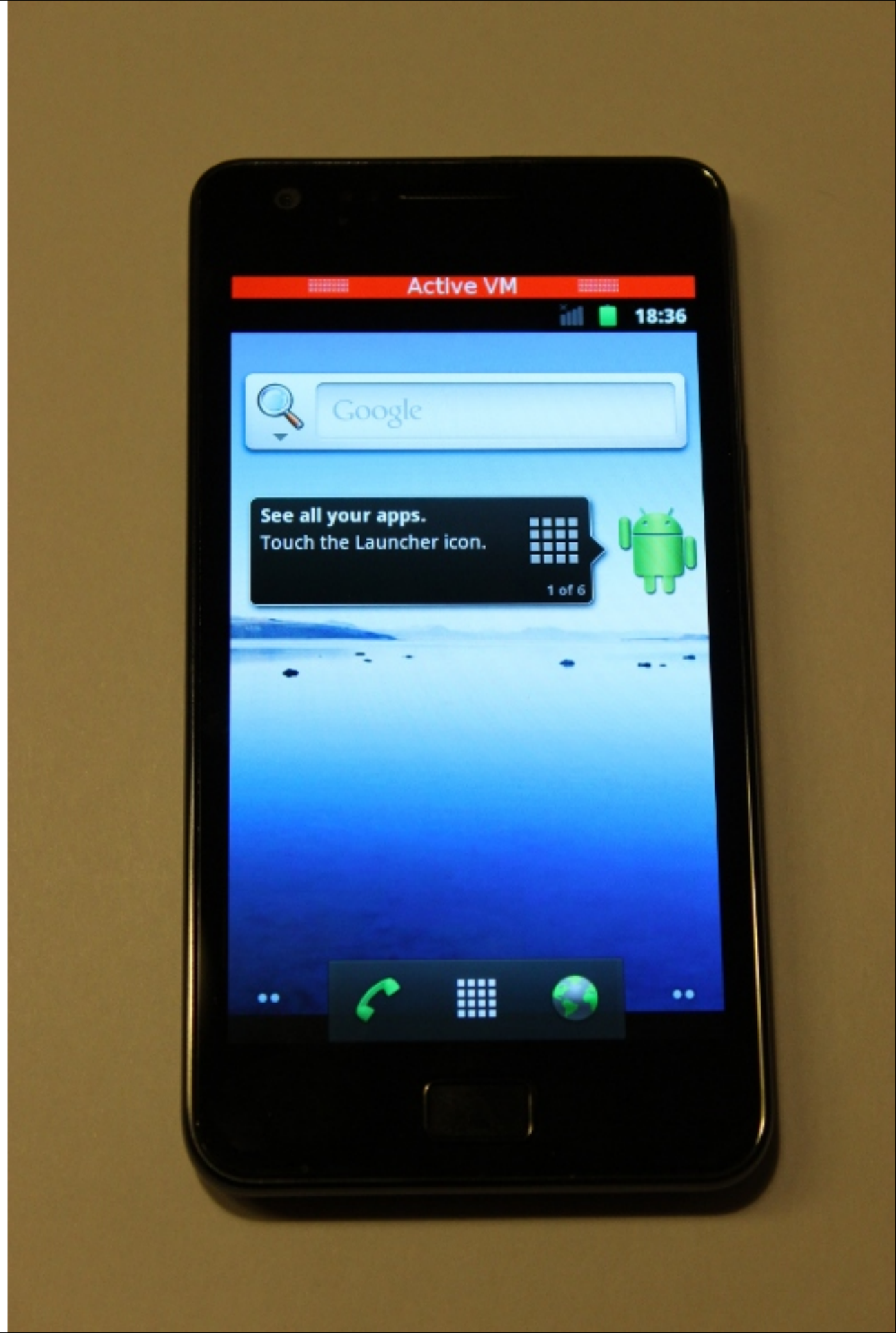
Is there a serial interface?

Multiplexed via micro USB port or audio jack.



How to develop native drivers?

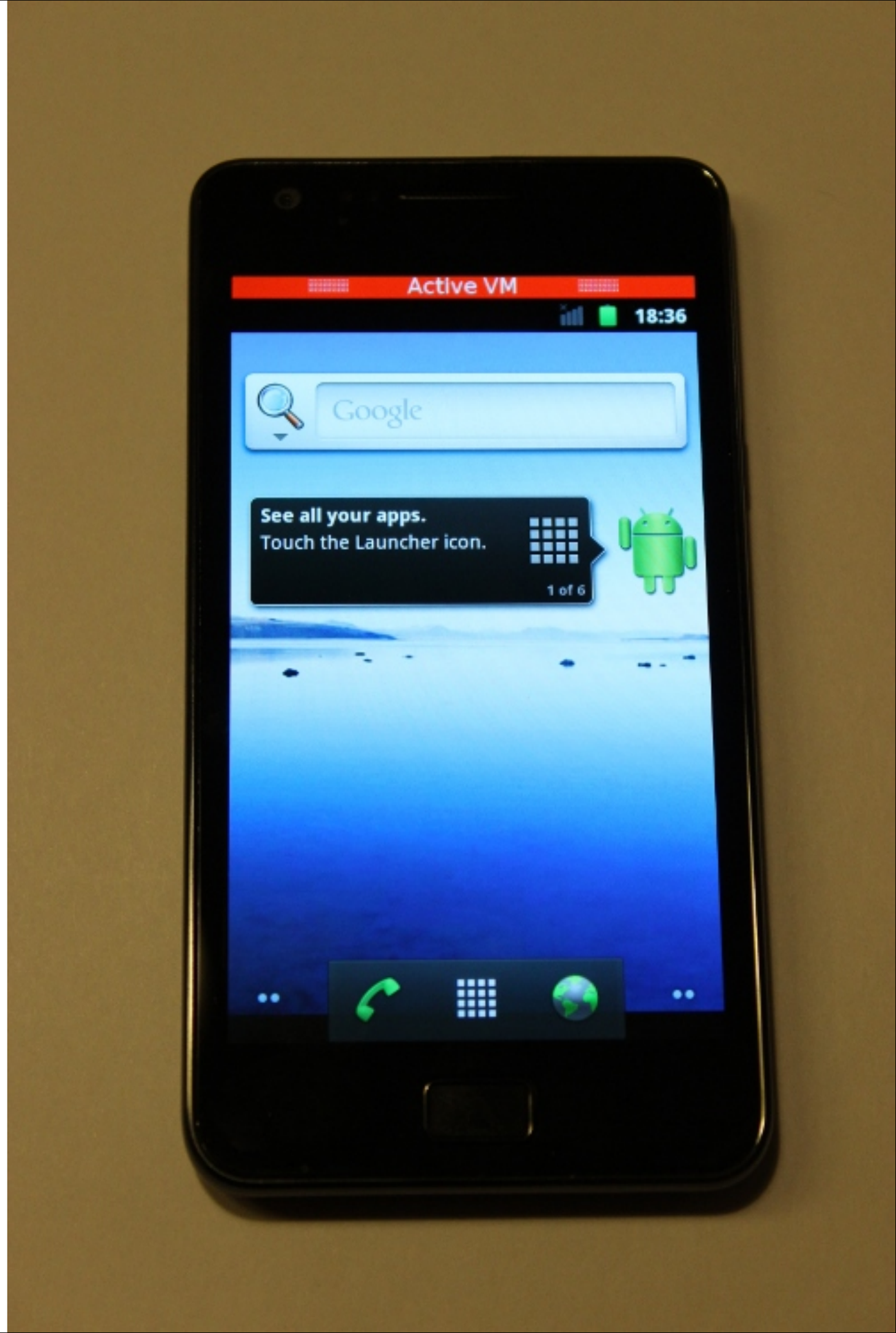
Read TRMs with 1000+ pages.
Read Linux drivers.



Reuse proprietary binary blobs?

3G baseband
Audio

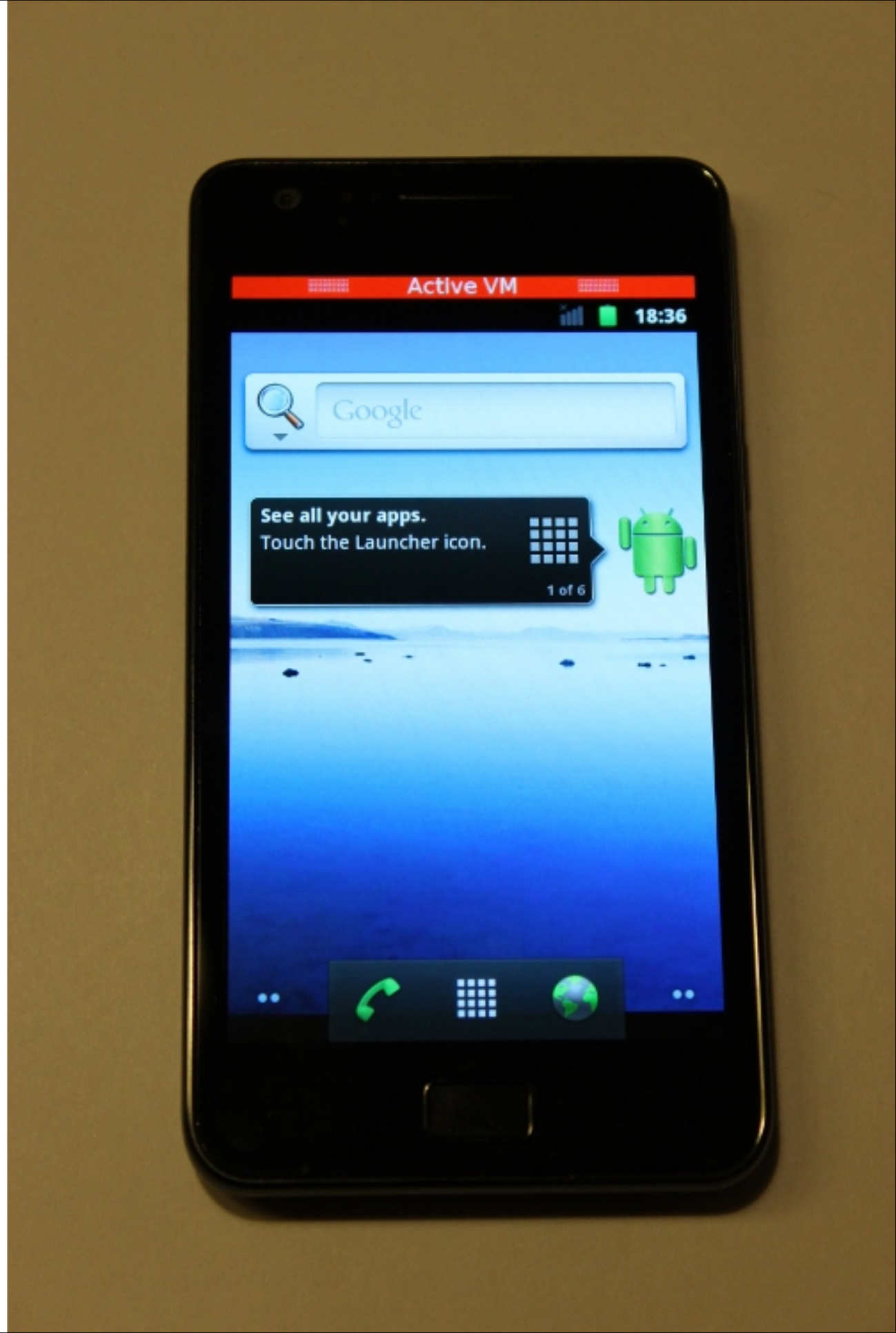
Use L4Linux as driver



Power management?

Frequency scaling
Shutdown idle cores

Now almost equal to native



(More) Questions?