

Hard Real-Time Multiprocessor Scheduling (Part II) Marcus Völp

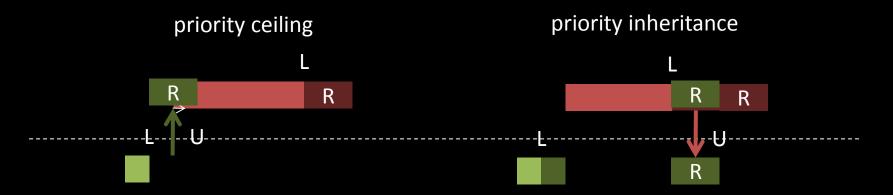


Lessons Learned from UP



two concepts to counteract priority inversion

- priority inheritance
- priority ceiling



Locking Protocols



Where to execute the critical section?

local vs. remote

How to order conflicting critical sections?

FIFO vs. priorities

- How unrelated tasks affect the lock holders?
- Whether and how unrelated tasks are affected?

[Brandenburg '10, Brandenburg '13]

Where to execute?



local vs. remote

[Brandenburg '10, Brandenburg '13]

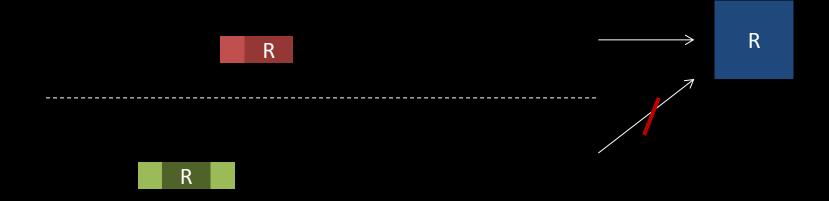


Where to execute?



local vs. remote

[Brandenburg '10,
Brandenburg '13]



Where to execute?





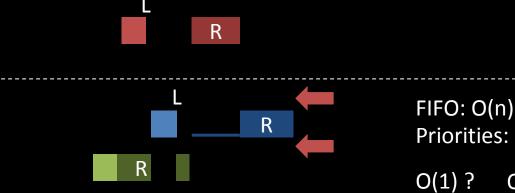
How to order conflicts?



FIFO vs. priorities

[Brandenburg '10,

Brandenburg '13]

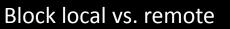


Priorities: O(higher prioritized on other CPUs)

O(m)?

Unrelated tasks affect the lock





[Brandenburg '10, Brandenburg '13]



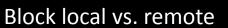
$$\sum_{\tau_j \in H(i)} C$$



R

Unrelated tasks affect the lock





[Brandenburg '10,

Brandenburg '13]







R

How unrelated threads are affected



Block local vs. remote

[Brandenburg '10,

Brandenburg '13]

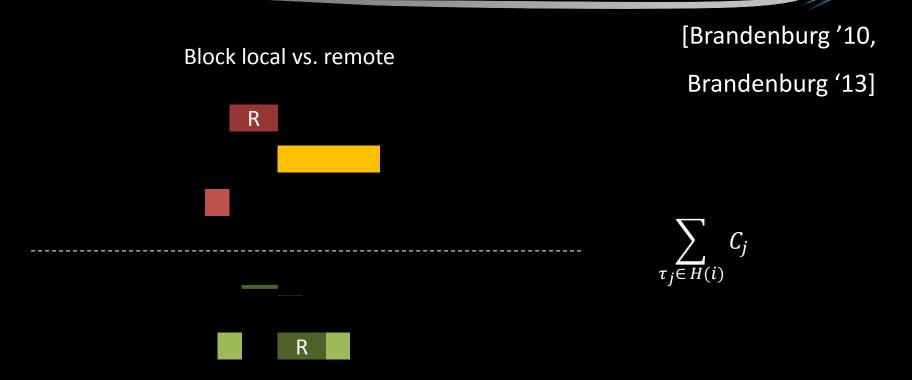




R

How unrelated threads are affected





RT-Locking Terminology

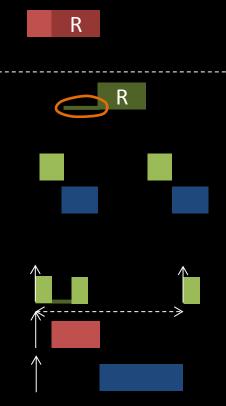


schedulability analysis

- suspension-aware
- suspension-oblivious

blocking

- priority-inversion blocking
- deferral blocking



RT-Locking Terminology

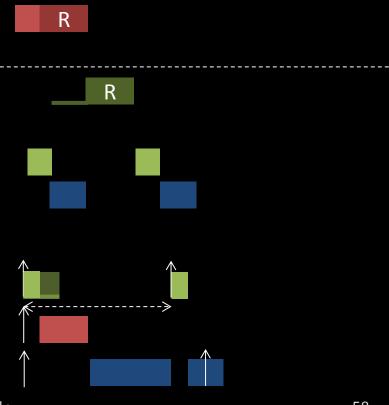


schedulability analysis

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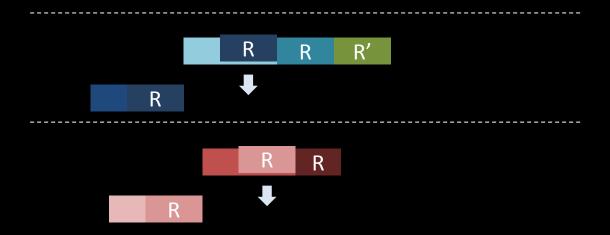
blocking

- priority-inversion blocking
- deferral blocking



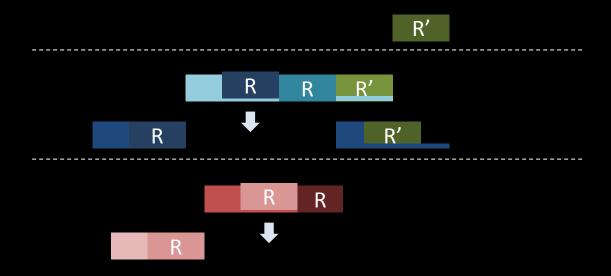


Distributed Priority-Ceiling Protocol (DPCP) [Rajkuma, Sha, Lehocky '88]



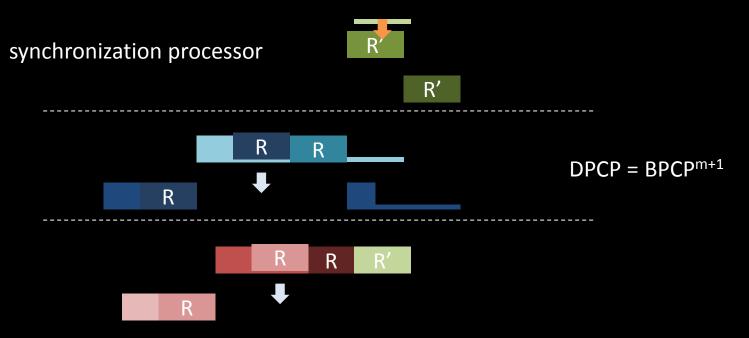


Distributed Priority-Ceiling Protocol (DPCP) [Rajkuma, Sha, Lehocky '88]





Distributed Priority-Ceiling Protocol (DPCP) [Rajkuma, Sha, Lehocky '88]





Multiprocessor Stack Resource Protocol (MSRP) [Gai, Lipari, Natale '01]

synchronization processor



Björn Brandenburg



Improved Analysis and Evaluation of Real-Time Semaphore Protocols for Partitioned Fixed Priority Scheduling '13

	MPCP [Rajkumar '90, Lakshmanan '09]	FMLP [Brandenburg '11]	DPCP [Rajkumar '88]	DFLP [Brandenburg '11]
wait queue	priority	FIFO	priority	FIFO
protocol type	shared mem. (local)	shared mem. (local)	distributed (sync. CPU)	distributed (sync. CPU)
asymptotically optimal (wrt. maximal blocking)	No	Yes	No	Yes



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Björn Brandenburg

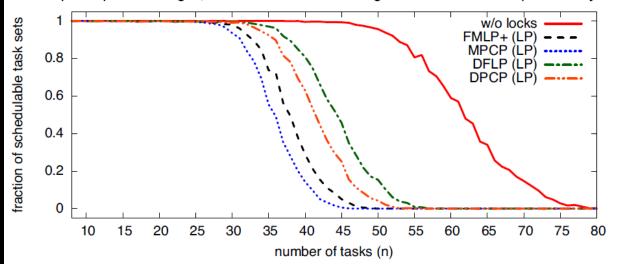


Improved Analysis and Evaluation of Real-Time Semaphore Protocols for Partitioned Fixed Priority Scheduling '13

Overhead-Aware Schedulability

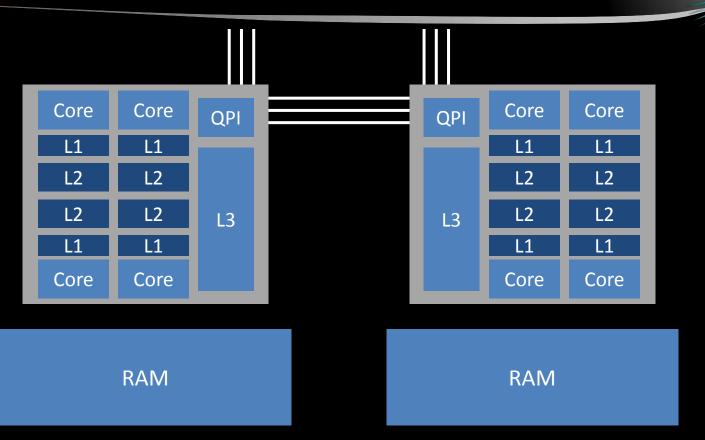


8 cores, 8 shared resources, max. 5 critical sections per task and resource, 10μ s- 50μ s CS length, each task accesses a given resource with probability 0.3

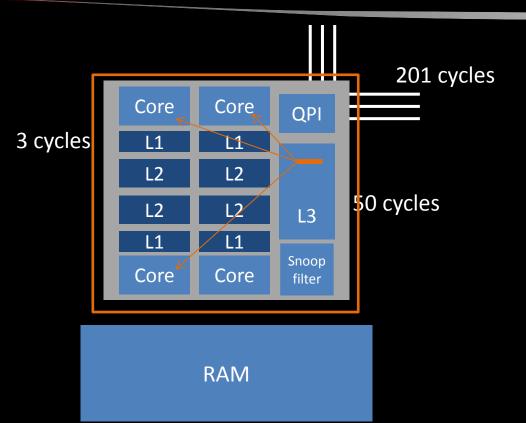




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[Corey: OSDI '08]

reduce coherent traffic by

keeping track of cached lines

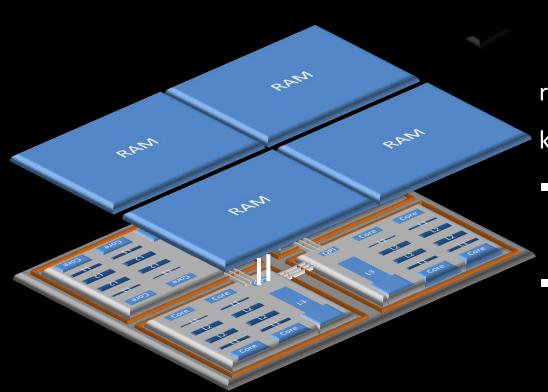
• inclusive L3:

line \in L1, L2 => line \in L3

snoop filter:

keep address not data





[Corey: OSDI '08]

reduce coherent traffic by

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inclusive L3:

line \in L1, L2 => line \in L3

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RT - Locks for Clusters



Real-Time Resource-Sharing under Clustered Scheduling: Mutex, Reader-Writer, and k-Exclusion Locks Björn Brandenburg, Jim Anderson '11



What if

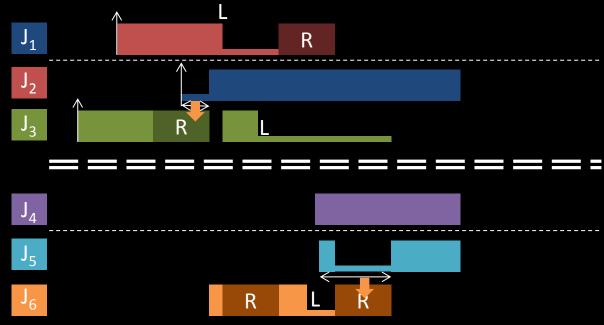
- every task helps out a little bit when it is released?
- only the n-highest prioritized tasks may acquire locks?

RT - Locks for Clusters



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RT - Locks for Clusters



Real-Time Resource-Sharing under Clustered Scheduling: Mutex, Reader-Writer, and k-Exclusion Locks Björn Brandenburg, Jim Anderson '11



- D1. J_i may issue a request only if it among the n = |CPU| highest prioritized jobs
- D2. When released at time ta, Jd becomes Ji's priority donor if a) J_i was the c = |Cluster| highest-priority pending job released prior to J_d , b) J_d has one of the c highest base priorities, and c) J_i has issued a request that is incomplete
- D3. J_i inherits J_d's priority
- D4. If J_d ceases to be among the c highest-priority jobs in its cluster, the newly released job takes over the donor role
- D5. / D6. schedule either J_i or its donor J_d
- D7. a priority donor may not issue requests (J_d suspends in this case while being a priority donor)
- D8. If J_d finishes execution while being a donor, J_d remains the donor but is suspended
- D9. J_d stops being a donor if a) J_i completes its request, b) J_i becomes one of the c highest prioritized jobs c) another job takes over being the donor of J_i

Outline



Last Week:

- Terminology and Notations
- Anomalies and Impossibility Results
- Partitioned Scheduling
- Global Scheduling
- Optimal MP Scheduling
- Practical Matters

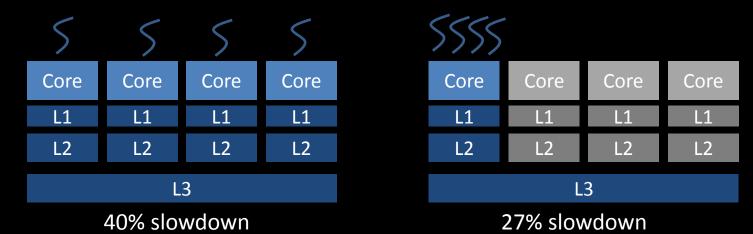
Today:

- Exercise:
 - **UP Resource Protocols**
- Resources
 - Caches / Memories
- One More Resource
- Dynamic Tasks
- Peek and Poke into other
 - Bleeding Edge Research



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A Coordinated Approach for Practical OS-Level Cache Management in Multi-Core Real-Time Systems Hyoseung Kim, Arvind Kandhalu, Ragunathan (Raj) Rajkumar (ECRTS '13)

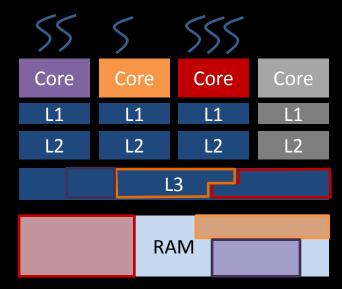


PARSEC on i7



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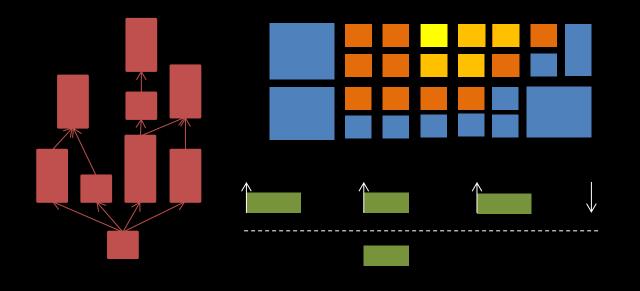
Dynamic Tasks



Algorithm and complexity for the global scheduling of sporadic tasks on multiprocessors with work-limited parallelism

S. Collette, L. Cucu, J. Goossens [Real-Time and Network Systems, '07]





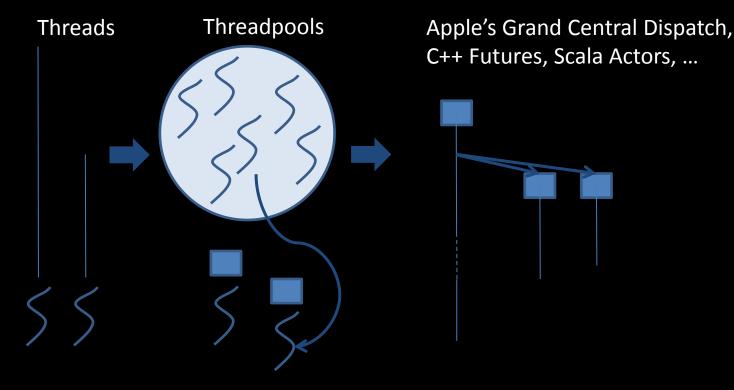
$$J_i \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (C_i, P_i, \Gamma_i)$$

$$\Gamma_i \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\gamma_{i,1}, \gamma_{i,2}, \dots, \gamma_{i,m})$$

Job J_i with j CPUs completes in $\gamma_{i,j}$ C_i

Dynamic Tasks / Runtime







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