

Safe Kernel Extensions Without Run-Time Checking

George C. Necula

Peter Lee



The Problem

Code from **UNTRUSTED SOURCES**

Your Options

✘ Hardware-Assisted Protection

✘ Software Fault Isolation

? Safe Languages and Runtime Environments

Wishlist

- easy validation of untrusted code
- execution with no runtime overhead
- no cryptography
- no trusted third party
- no program analysis
- no code editing, compilation, interpretation

PCC

- code consumer publishes **safety policy**
- code producer compiles program and **certifies** its adherence of the policy
- PCC-binary contains native code and **safety proof**
- code consumer **validates** the proof
- native code can then run at full speed

Safety Policy

What behavior is considered safe?

1. verification-condition generator

- procedure computing a predicate from code
- design can be simplified with an abstract machine

2. precondition

- calling convention

3. axioms for validating the predicate

- inference rules

Proving the Predicate

- inference rules of first-order predicate calculus plus some register arithmetics
- given the precondition we must infer the verification condition (VC)
- calculus gives that VC holds
- safety theorem gives that the code is safe according to the policy (proof available)

PCC binary

- contains native code and binary representation of the proof
- can be tampered with
 - if you change the code and it is unsafe, the validator will notice
 - if the validator does not notice, your code is safe (by safety theorem)

Validating the Proof

- calculate the safety predicate from the given code with generator from the policy
- check if the proof's result is the safety predicate
- check if the proof's assumed preconditions match the ones in your policy
- check, if all steps in the enclosed proof are valid instances of inference rules

Evaluation

- safe code execution
- as fast as native code
- versatile policies possible
- extra runtime cost for validation
- binary size increases
- proving step is hard

Imagine ...

- protection with object granularity
- no application speed degradation
- we could check for locks, secrets, time
- could be mitigated by code signing?
- no problem?
- certifying compilers?